



TERRITORY GOVERNANCE SOCIETY NETWORKS
 NETWORKS SUSTAINABILITY PARTICIPATION
 COLLABORATION SOCIAL INNOVATION
 MUTUAL LEARNING RESEARCH TRAINING
 COMMUNICATION COMMON AGRO- ECOLOGY
 EXTENSIVE LIVESTOCK FARMING
 GEODIVERSITY GENDER MEDIATION FOOD
 SYSTEMS ALLIANCES PASTORALISM BRIDGES
 TERRITORY GOVERNANCE SOCIETY NETWORKS
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 SYSTEMS

TRANSPARENCY REPORT ACTIVITIES AND FINANCING 2022

TARIOS ALLIANCES ALLIANCES PASTORALISM
 BRIDGES TERRITORY GOVERNANCE SOCIETY
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 COMMON AGRO-ECOLOGY EXTENSIVE
 LIVESTOCK FARMING GEODIVERSITY
 MEDIATION

fundación entretantos

participación sociedad territorio redes

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1 | ABOUT THE ENTRETANTOS FOUNDATION

The Entretantos Foundation is a non-governmental, non-profit, statewide organisation dedicated to promoting knowledge, research, participation, mutual learning, collective construction and networking.

Although the preparations for this birth took almost a year, with a notable exercise of prior reflection, the Foundation was formally constituted on 15 May 2012 and has been registered in the Register of Foundations of the Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Environment since 15 October 2012, in accordance with the provisions of Law 50/2002, of 26 December, on Foundations, and in the Regulations on Foundations of State Competence, approved by Royal Decree 1337/2005, of 11 November. Thus, in 2022 the Foundation will be 10 years old.



MISSION

The Entretantos Foundation aims to actively promote and foster the full incorporation of social participation, collaborative strategies and networking in socio-economic activities and public policies related to land, sustainability and environmental management:

- Bringing together organisations, groups and professionals working in the field of intervention and social innovation, education and participation, to explore together new strategies useful for the development of initiatives and projects.
- Researching and proposing ways of collaboration that facilitate and strengthen the cooperation of the different sectors involved in each of the areas of work in which we operate.

- Favouring channels of contact and cooperation between entities and people who work or have an interest in each of the areas of intervention of the foundation: agroecology, extensive livestock farming and pastoralism, common, participation, geo and biodiversity.
- Promoting training and capacity building in participation, education, innovation and social intervention.
- Working with the administrations, the social fabric and/or economic agents in the development of new initiatives for social participation and intervention, the consolidation of existing ones and the improvement of the resources made available for these processes.



VISION

The Entretantos Foundation aims to become a benchmark organisation in terms of participation, education and collective construction in the field of the relationship with the territory and the people who inhabit it:

- Playing an important role in the transition towards more sustainable food systems and promoting research, the development of city-region strategies and networking projects in this field.
- Actively contributing to the defence and support of extensive livestock farming and pastoralism, as indispensable tools for the maintenance of the rural environment, traditional knowledge and the landscape and the conservation of bio-diversity linked to systems of high natural value.
- Working to deepen and improve the role that the commons and commons play as key formulas for improving the management of the collective in all its areas.

- Improving the working strategies and methodologies necessary to achieve more effective citizen participation in public policies and in the collective construction of new projects and visions.
- Deepening the development of new initiatives and best practices in the field of biodiversity and land conservation and environmental management.
- Promoting new projects and approaches in the fields of social innovation, research-action, participation, education and communication applied to the areas of work and objectives of the foundation.



THE KEY AXES OF OUR WORK

Here we detail some of the transversal lines and key axes that form the backbone of the Foundation's work:

PARTICIPATION

The Foundation's action is aimed at building a favourable scenario for social participation, developing extensive research-action work that seeks to establish solidly based theoretical and practical foundations, deepen knowledge of tools, generate, dynamise, produce, evaluate these processes and disseminate and transfer the results.

SUSTAINABILITY

Our work pursues the sustainable use of natural resources, the conservation of biodiversity and the defence of the environment from a profoundly social perspective. In our practice we work on relevant issues such as food systems and the policies linked to them, the role of food activities, and the role of the environment.

The main objectives of the project are to promote traditional economic activities - such as extensive livestock farming - in the conservation of biodiversity and landscape, the sustainability and recovery of traditional commons and commons, the improvement of territorial governance, the preservation of bio- and geodiversity and, of course, and transversally, the mitigation of and adaptation to climate change and the ecosocial response to global crises.

PARTNERSHIP AND SOCIAL INNOVATION

In a complementary manner, the Foundation promotes formulas for collaboration between the agents involved in the management of the territory (be they institutions, universities, technicians, owners, managers, professionals or citizens) and the resources they bring into play; it designs and applies new ways of sharing knowledge and research; it promotes and activates mechanisms for social innovation and facilitates training and educational programmes on key issues for sustainability.



ACTION-RESEARCH

Our work allows us to establish deep and numerous links with institutions, research centres, professionals, companies and organisations working in the areas described, exploring together new possibilities and favouring the implementation of innovation and applied research processes that have obtained significant results in terms of sustainability, governance, equity and nature conservation.

CO-PRODUCTION OF KNOWLEDGE AND ACTION

One of the main hallmarks of the Foundation's identity is the design, development and the facilitation of participatory processes and multi-agent networks, based on the

in the debate and exchange of knowledge, reflection and experience. We create and facilitate spaces for the collective co-production of knowledge, action, change and social and political advocacy, transformative spaces for the people who share them and capable of generating change, also on a larger scale.



MUTUAL LEARNING AND ECO-SOCIAL EDUCATION

We work to extend the approaches of environmental education - understood as eco-social education - to all areas of shared life. For us, education is an essential instrument for the necessary transitions, and we work every day to ensure that social instruments - information, communication, education, participation, networking, collective construction, research-action,... - acquire the weight and attention they deserve in the change we must tackle as a society.

BUILDING BRIDGES AND MEDIATION CHANNELS

We work to create and strengthen bridges between the urban and rural worlds, to interweave academic and community knowledge, to bring consumption and production closer together, and to bring public policies closer to the demands and needs of civil society.

We also seek to address the conflicts that inevitably arise in our fields of action and to contribute to solving problems through listening, dialogue and mediation.



2 | TEAM

The Foundation currently has a board of trustees made up of 6 people with a strong track record and experience in the different thematic, organisational and working areas of the Foundation. In addition, we are 16 people in the organisation's assembly, which we call the raquis - the body where key agreements are deliberated and adopted, which are then submitted to the board of trustees.



In total, we are currently 20 people forming part of the Foundation's permanent team, in addition to some collaborators who work with us on a more ad hoc basis.

You can consult our personal profiles and find out more about us at [this link](#), where you can also access the personal email addresses of each of us.

Not all of us on the team have the same type of employment or professional relationship with the Foundation. In our large team there are people hired by the Foundation, links established with cooperatives or small companies and also self-employed professionals who dedicate part of their work and efforts to the Foundation's projects.

Thus, the people who form part of Entretantos are very varied, and so are the ways in which they relate to the Foundation. Some of us work full time, others part time, with varying intensity, and others on a more ad hoc basis, linked to specific projects.



Although the Foundation has its official headquarters in Valladolid, the Entretantos team does not live in the same place or physically work in the same space.

In fact, we are spread across a wide range of locations, inside and outside the EU. Peninsula, many of them located in rural areas:

Thus, the different online tools (slack, e-mail, zoom, drive, whatsapp, telegram, etc.) are an essential part of our teamwork, which are reinforced by face-to-face meetings of the different teams that develop each project, two monthly meetings of the whole team (one of a more executive nature and the other of a technical nature) and at least one annual face-to-face assembly in which all the team members meet physically to share, reflect, debate and organise the work, initiatives, strategy and projects of the Foundation.



ORGANISATION CHART AND INTERNAL ORGANISATION

The Foundation is a complex organisation, so internal coordination tools are essential for the design and development of our lines of work.

Since 2020 one of the team members has the role of overall coordination of the Foundation, and in 2022/2023 we are reconfiguring the working areas, which have the function of addressing the different key issues in the necessary depth so that they can then be resolved in a more informed way in the joint working sessions.



3 | THE WORK PROGRAMME

The work programme of entretantos is articulated around various transversal axes, although the common thread that unites them all is the promotion of participation, reflection and collective creation and collaboration, mutual learning and the co-production of knowledge and action to advance towards the ecological transition in all its areas.



Among the lines of work open, we highlight the following:

AGROECOLOGY AND FOOD POLICIES

The Entretantos Foundation aims to play a relevant role in the transition towards more sustainable and healthy food systems, promoting research, the development of territorial initiatives and strategies, the development of innovative tools based on needs detected together with the most advanced actors at the national level, and the generation of networking projects in this area. The Foundation is deeply involved in transforming our food systems towards more participatory, agro-ecologically based models, and in defending the right of everyone to a more sustainable and healthy diet.

Thus, we work to promote alternative practices of production, transformation and distribution with an agro-ecological approach, including the necessary technical, social, political and economic mechanisms to extend these practices and further improve them. We are committed to the production, distribution and consumption of local, healthy, wholesome, ecological and seasonal food from a territorialised approach. And we try to bring this to public policies, working with very diverse allies (state, regional and local administrations).





The aim is to create and strengthen cross-cutting policies that consider food as a priority and a backbone of coherence.

Throughout 2022 we have developed, among other projects, the Technical Secretariat of the [Network of Municipalities for Agroecology](#) -including projects such as the [BCN Challenge](#), [RURBACT](#), [Liveseeding](#), [AESOPforFood-](#), the implementation process of the [Food Strategy in Valladolid](#) and several projects for the territorialisation of the agri-food system in rural territories (Merindad Sangüesa-Pirineo and Prepi- rineo in Navarre, Montaña Palentina, La Vera in Extremadura and Sierra de Aracena, in Huelva, etc.). In many of these projects, intensive work is being carried out to extend green public procurement of food.

In addition, we have continued to promote the [GIASAT](#) project [Gestión Integral Agroeco- lógica de los Sistemas Alimentarios Territorializados], within the consortium that we have created with a group of allied entities, and we are working towards the inclusion of advice on short marketing channels (CCC) in the advice systems at national level ([EU4Advice](#) Project).

We have also continued to develop innovative projects such as [Píldora Verde](#), on experimental communication to develop symbolic contexts favourable to transitions towards sustainability in the agricultural sector.

With all the experience acquired by the Foundation in the implementation of local and county food system transition processes, progress has been made in 2022 in the systematisation of these processes, which can help other entities to implement them in more territories.





EXTENSIVE LIVESTOCK FARMING AND PASTORALISM

The Entretantos Foundation carries out an important activity of support, defence and dynamisation of extensive livestock farming and pastoralism in Spain.

In the meantime, it acts as the technical and communications secretariat of the Platform for Extensive Livestock Farming and Pastoralism (PGEP), a benchmark organisation in support of an activity whose strengths and differentiating elements in social, economic and employment terms, as well as the conservation of the landscape and biodiversity, have been repeatedly demonstrated and highlighted by the national and international scientific community.

Among the members of this Platform, the balance between the three sectors most involved in the development and support of extensive livestock farming stands out: universities and research groups, administrations and technicians and activist and support organisations, while always respecting the leading role of the livestock farmers themselves.

The Platform maintains a specialised web magazine, a mailing list in which more than 500 people and entities participate, a prominent presence in social networks and an active exchange of information, collaborating in the development of events and periodic conferences.

In the same line of action, we promoted the creation and work of Ganaderas en Red (GeR), a very active group of mutual support and public defence of the work of this collective, made up of almost 200 women from all over Spain, all of them extensive livestock breeders and shepherds.

This project unites the interests of all of them, promotes the relevant role of women in rural areas, develops lines of work that promote empowerment and training in access to decision-making spaces, while at the same time shaping an





improvement in the marketing of the common products that each and every one of them has: a quality product that lives in the countryside and in the mountains, caring for our ecosystems and helping to keep the rural world alive.

The Entretantos Foundation is a very active organisation in research and participatory action in this field. Every year, together with the PGEP, it organises and coordinates the '[Territorios Pastoreados](#)' conference, a benchmark event that held its fifth edition in Navarra in 2021 after having visited Madrid, Zaragoza, Plasencia and Girona in previous editions, and which is due to hold its sixth edition in Valencia in 2023.

We also promote and participate in committees, partnerships, projects (such as the [differentiation of extensive livestock farming](#)) and working groups (such as the [PorOtraPac](#) coalition), prepare technical and strategic documents and collaborate on articles, scientific publications, books and technical guides aimed at promoting extensive livestock farming and pastoralism at national, European and international level. Among the projects in which we are involved are [Life LiveAdapt](#), which completed its work in 2022, and the [Naturaleza Pastoreada](#) project, funded by the Fundación Biodiversidad.

At the international level, Entretantos is part of the International Group and the European Regional Group supporting and preparing the Declaration of 2026 as the [International Year of Pastures and Rangelands](#). We also take part in events, meetings and seminars and maintain a strong network of contact and collaboration with other pastoralist organisations and nodes around the world.



COEXISTENCE OF THE WOLF WITH RURAL POPULATIONS

As a result of our work in the territory and after observing that the existing social conflict in relation to the wolf and extensive livestock farming was increasing, in 2016 a specific area of work was opened in the Foundation to address this socio-environmental problem. We have been experimenting with social mediation techniques to address a socio-environmental conflict that goes beyond the wolf, which is visible in the diversity of views and models that exist in the way of understanding the rural environment and territorially-based livestock farming.

The problem has been made explicit in a large-scale social conflict with confrontations based on mistrust and ignorance of the "other", fuelled to a large extent by the most polarised and exclusionary discourses. We believe that through mediation initiatives, and with the support of social research processes, we can generate spaces of trust and respect between opposing actors and facilitate empathy that will help to resolve this social conflict and generate working models for other areas of environmental conflict. As a result of this work, there is the Campo Grande Group, a group formed by representatives of the different positions and social agents relevant to the wolf conflict.

This group has evolved, becoming the Campo Grande Observatory in 2020 as a space for reflection between all the sectors, representatives and experts who are members of the GCG in order to propose actions that integrate and analyse all these views on the news, events, new regulations or plans, etc. that fuel the conflict, and to propose alternatives based on dialogue and consensus both territorially and globally. In 2022 this group has been growing and consolidating.

In 2021, the Observatory held the I Conference on "Social Participation and Dialogue for Coexistence between the wolf and extensive livestock farming" in Sanabria, bringing together different sectors of the local population linked to coexistence and organisations from



state level or other territories with similar problems. The latter have been held in 2022 in Valvanera (La Rioja).

GEODIVERSITY

In 2015, the Entretantos Foundation established an agreement with ARGEOL (Association for the Geological Reserve of Las Loras) for the development of research, conservation, protection, improvement and enhancement of the natural heritage of the [UNESCO World Geopark Las Loras](#) from two different but related areas. On the one hand, research *per se*, to obtain scientific knowledge of the different places of interest. On the other hand, involving all the actors and sectors of the territory.

The declaration in May 2017 of the Loras UNESCO Global Geopark can be considered a direct result of ARGEOL's work with the local population and the different administrations and agents of the territory, and also of this collaboration.

In this sense, it is worth recalling the background of the Geopark and the project as well as its justification and the different steps that have been taken in a process whose success has undoubtedly been based on being a clear example of bottom-up methodology, involving the local population from the beginning.

Through the different participatory processes undertaken in the Geopark, and the monitoring of their evolution, a change has been observed in the local population regarding the knowledge and care of their heritage. Different initiatives have been developed over the last few years: geo-volunteering, educational projects, creation and consolidation of participation committees with the local population, etc.



The project has been developed with the collaboration and/or participation of the local population, who are beginning to take care of these places, to think of tools to value, protect and conserve them. And all of these have been developed with the collaboration and/or participation of the local population, who are beginning to take care of these places, to think of tools to enhance, protect and conserve them.

In addition, since 2018, with the launch of the scientific committee, work has been carried out on ways to strengthen and consolidate research, especially geological research. All of this favours knowledge and facilitates the management of the area with a collaborative approach and with objectives shared by the administrations and the people who live in these territories.

GOVERNANCE OF THE COMMONS AND THE COMMONS

In Spain, the governance of protected areas by indigenous peoples and local communities, one of the four governance models established by the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN), is not unknown to us. We have hundreds and hundreds of communal forests, neighbourhood forests, common lands, irrigation ditches, irrigation communities, fishing guilds and other traditional governance organisations that manage thousands of hectares of High Nature Value Areas (HNVPAs) and natural resources of great value for the conservation of biodiversity. This is why Entretantos has long been involved in researching and working on commons and commons.

In the search for and research of successful models of governance in terms of participation and participation, we have worked in this area in two ways: in relation to the current state of the communes, addressing their functioning, structure, conservation and uses and promoting networks, reflections and spaces for their conservation and strengthening, and another in relation to governance, taking as the axis of our work the following aspects



The UN Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), in 2018, agreed that the process to develop the post-2020 global biodiversity framework should be gender-sensitive and, specifically, systematically integrate a gender perspective in its development.

In 2020 our booklet '[Gender, governance and commons through the eyes of women](#)' was published, a first approach to the Participatory Action Research that we started in 2019, gathering the testimony and voice of women from different parts of the state about the state of these commons, their governance, their conservation, their challenges and potential. This research was born out of the concern for the absence of these voices in the meeting spaces around the communal lands, and from the evidence of the fragility and threats in which they are currently found. From a starting hypothesis: if women were more present in the governance spaces of these communal systems, they would be ecologically better conserved and their resources would be more equitably distributed.

During 2022 we have continued to work with the groups of women comunards and women linked to communal groups from other areas (research, technical work in communal groups, mayors...) both in the facilitation and operation of the groups themselves, and in the design and preparation of informative materials on what communal groups are, their validity, existence and potential at present, and which help to identify where to find more information and make visible both the comunards that are operating and the networks linked to them, in order to respond to the needs of women and men.



The women's needs expressed by the community members to be able to tell and disseminate in their territories and forums, in a simple way.

For the development of the II State Meeting of Comuneras, in Teruel, all the women, comuneras and linked women, were invited to attend, with the aim of progressing towards the meeting and creation of a single working group in common. It was very motivating for everyone. In addition to going deeper into the issue of territorial management, we were able to continue getting to know each other and sharing concerns, needs and dreams, in order to consolidate and expand the network of mutual support that had been generated. Together, we identified legal challenges, shared specific difficulties for the full participation of women and young people, reviewed the dissemination materials and set out an easy and joyful roadmap to continue to meet and support each other.

We also had the opportunity to participate in the preparation, organisation and dynamisation of a group of women members of the Ocho Caños Irrigation Community in Aldeanueva de la Vera, and of the round table on Women and Rurality that this community proposed as part of its 2nd Water Week, which is taking place in August, as a forum for awareness-raising and environmental education among community members and neighbours, as well as a space for networking with other historical irrigation communities in the territory that are grouping together to defend the needs of their model against the regulations and bureaucracies that are established from far away from the territory.

On the other hand, we have maintained our participation and involvement as a partner in Iniciativa Comunales. It is an association that integrates communal men and women, and technical and research staff linked to communal systems of land management, whose principles are grouped in the Declaration of Valdeavellano de Tera, and recognised by the ICCA Consortium as an entity that facilitates the location and registration of the Territories of Life of the Spanish state in its International Register. The



The aim is to strengthen this network, which we consider fundamental for the preservation and enhancement of the commons in Spain. In 2022, we played an active role in the working group for the improvement and systematisation of the organisation's governance, from where we organised and collaborated in the development of the Assemblies and Annual Seminar, 'Potentialities of the commons in the face of the systemic economic crisis(es)', both in the design and in the dissemination and dissemination, including the facilitation of the sessions, and the necessary arrangements for coordination with the EC-NEAM as a co-financing body for the event. On the other hand, we dedicated time to collaborate with the Working Group on Material Resources, from where a project proposal was drawn up to be submitted on behalf of the organisation to the Demographic Challenge call for proposals.

SOCIAL PARTICIPATION AND PARTICIPATORY METHODOLOGIES

This area of work, also research-action, is articulated around another of the flagships of the Entretantos Foundation: the Escuelaboratorio. This is an annual space for reflection - in 2023 it will celebrate its tenth edition - on participation and collective construction that meets once a year under the umbrella of a permanent seminar of the CENEAM (National Centre for Environmental Education).

In 2022 we have designed and organised the Escuelaboratorio with our colleagues from the Cala Collective and the Altekio Cooperative, with whom we share paths, projects and horizons and, together, we have created a space for shared reflection on a subject that concerns and interests us all: 'Transitioning from dystopias to utopias'.

In addition, we have been part of the design, organisation and facilitation team of the IV Environmental Education Conference, promoted by the Ministry of Environment and Rural Development.



We have coordinated and taught some of the environmental education courses organised by the CENEAM within the framework of the Environmental Education Action Plan for Sustainability (PAEAS).

For some time now, we have been meeting and getting involved with different entities dedicated to research and continuous review of social participation. A few years ago we were part of the [Forum for Participatory Methodologies](#). And now, we are part of the [Network for Innovation in Participatory Processes \(RIIEP\)](#), which organises an annual meeting dedicated to analysing and proposing innovations and methodological improvements in current processes of citizen and social participation. This year the meeting was held in Valencia under the title "Towards a participatory democracy: evaluating, communicating, legislating".

We can say that this area is transversal to the rest of the Foundation's areas and projects, because participation and collective construction work are key tools in all Entretantos projects. Thus, in this area, which is also dedicated to the development and communication of participatory methodologies, we include the holding of some events on participatory mechanisms for territorial management, training activities and the development of different mediation and social participation projects, as well as the creation of networks and joint projects with other entities motivated by the same concerns as Entretantos.



4| PROJECTS AND ACTIONS CARRIED OUT WITH CO-FUNDING FROM THE MINISTRY FOR THE ECOLOGICAL TRANSITION AND THE DEMOGRAPHIC CHALLENGE



From 2017 to 2022, the Entretantos Foundation has received co-funding from the current Ministry for Ecological Transition and the Demographic Challenge (MITERD) within its grants to the third sector, to carry out a set of five research-action-reflection projects, which allow us to develop some of the main lines of work of the Foundation.

In 2022 the co-financed projects and actions were previously endorsed by the University of Valladolid (Vice-rectorate for Research, Innovation and Transference) and supported by the UNED Associated Centres in Palencia and Ponferrada, the General Directorate for Biodiversity, Forests and Desertification (MITERD), the General Sub-directorate for Forestry Policy and Combating Desertification (MITERD), the Spanish Office for Climate Change (MITERD), the Biodiversity Foundation (MITERD), the Autonomous National Parks Organisation (MITERD), the General Directorate of Leveraging Policies for the Implementation of Agenda 2030 (Ministry of Social Rights and Agenda 2030), the General Directorate of Consumer Affairs (Ministry of Consumer Affairs), the Spanish Agency for Food Safety and Nutrition (Ministry of Consumer Affairs), the Spanish Agricultural Guarantee Fund (MAPA), the General Subdirectorate of Livestock and Hunting Productions (MAPA) and the National Centre for Research on Human Evolution (CENIEH Consortium).

The following actions were developed, grouped into 5 research projects:

PROJECT 1 _ PROJECT TO IMPROVE THE MANAGEMENT OF AREAS OF GEOLOGICAL INTEREST AND HABITATS OF SPECIAL INTEREST RELATED TO PASTORALISM AND EXTENSIVE STOCKBREEDING

- 1.1 Research-data transfer and participation for management measures - Research - data transfer and participation for management measures - Research - data transfer and participation for management measures - Research - data transfer and participation for management measures
conservation of Las Loras GeoPark
- 1.2 Research and monitoring of the sites of interest of the Las Loras GeoPark

1.3 Research with pupils in the Las Loras Geopark

1.4 Agro-ecology project in the Las Loras Geopark

- 1.5 Participatory action by the Platform for Extensive Livestock Farming and the Pastoralism
- 1.6 Social communication on the importance of extensive livestock farming and pastoralism as instruments for the conservation and defence of the natural environment.
- 1.7 Research-action on the instruments for the participation of extensive livestock farmers in the conservation of natural resources. Dynamisation of the state network 'Ganaderas en Red'.
- 1.8 Livestock Networking meetings and workshops
- 1.9 Communication and dissemination strategy of Ganaderas en Red

PROJECT 2 _ PROJECTS FOR COEXISTENCE BETWEEN PEOPLE AND LARGE CARNIVORES AND IMPROVEMENT OF COMMUNAL TERRITORIES

- 2.1 Traditional community-based action research and sustainability
- 2.2 Action research on governance and gender in traditional commons
- 2.3. Campo Grande Group Observatory. Research and proposals for the coexistence with the Iberian wolf.
- 2.4 Research and implementation of communication tools for environmental conflict resolution for coexistence between extensive livestock farming and large carnivorous mammals.
- 2.5 Development of research actions and implementation of pilot actions for coexistence with wildlife



PROJECT 3 _ ACTION-RESEARCH ON SUSTAINABLE USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES, AGRO-ECOLOGY AND RURAL-URBAN INTERFACE

- 3.1 Promoting scientific activity related to food systems sustainable
- 3.2 Valladolid Food Strategy: development of pilot actions for increasing the sustainability of the food system
- 3.3 Research, innovation and dissemination in Entrepreneurship and Professionalisation of Short Commercialisation Channels (CCCs) in Territorialised Food Systems (TFS)
- 3.4 Design of new proposals and planning of projects for the improvement of the territorialised and agro-ecological food systems
- 3.5 Outreach and communication on agroecology and sustainable food systems
- 3.6 Communication and public information strategies to contribute to the ecological transition and rural-urban rapprochement
- 3.7 Exploration and research of new communication channels to contribute to scale leaps in the agroecological transition. Green Pill.
- 3.8 Ecolnnova: The value of food sovereignty to build a sustainable world



PROJECT 4 _ PREVENTION OF POLLUTION AND PROMOTION OF SUSTAINABLE ATTITUDES TO PREVENT WATER FOOTPRINT, WASTE GENERATION AND RESPONSIBLE USE OF RESOURCES.

- 4.1 Research and advocacy on environmental risks and ecosystem services of extensive livestock farming
- 4.2 Research and communication on spatial planning and natural resources
- 4.3 Implementation of a differentiation label for extensive livestock farming products.
- 4.4 Preparations for the Pastoralist Territories 6
- 4.5 Exploring tools for participation and collective construction for the ecosocial transition: School-laboratory

PROJECT 5 _ CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION AND MITIGATION IN LIVESTOCK AND AGRO-ECOLOGICAL PRODUCTION

- 5.1 Action research on the role of extensive livestock farming in climate change adaptation and mitigation _ co-financed by the LIFE Live-Adapt project
- 5.2 Development of new research proposals on sustainability, adaptation to climate change and environmental services in relation to the sustainable use of resources and territorial governance
- 5.3 Development and coordination of actions in Spain related to the celebration of the International Year of Grasslands and Pastures (IYRP) in 2026.



5 | ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL SITUATION OF THE FOUNDATION

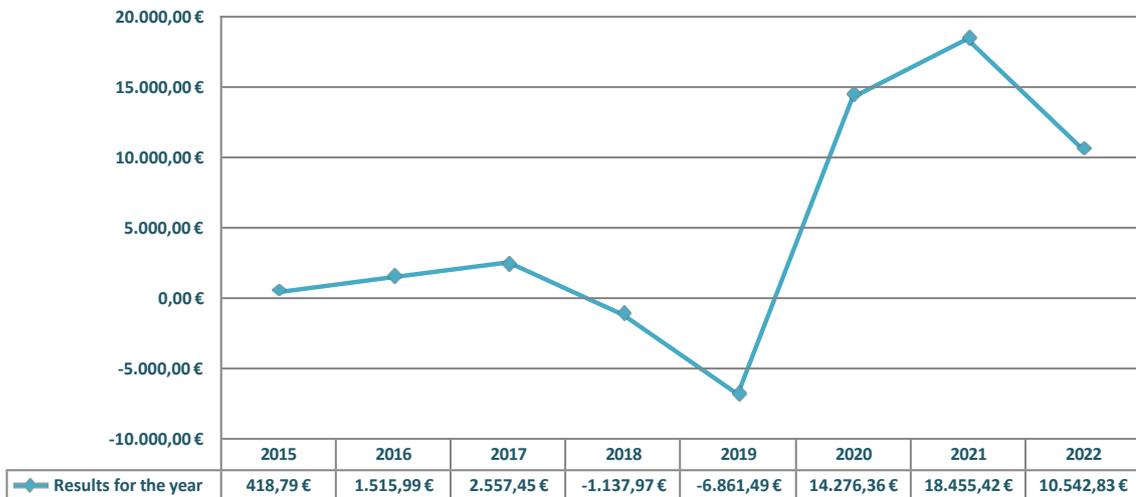
This section provides information about the economic and financial situation of the Foundation and some of the criteria - and also problems - that characterise it.

For further information, please contact us directly at entretantos@entretantos.org.

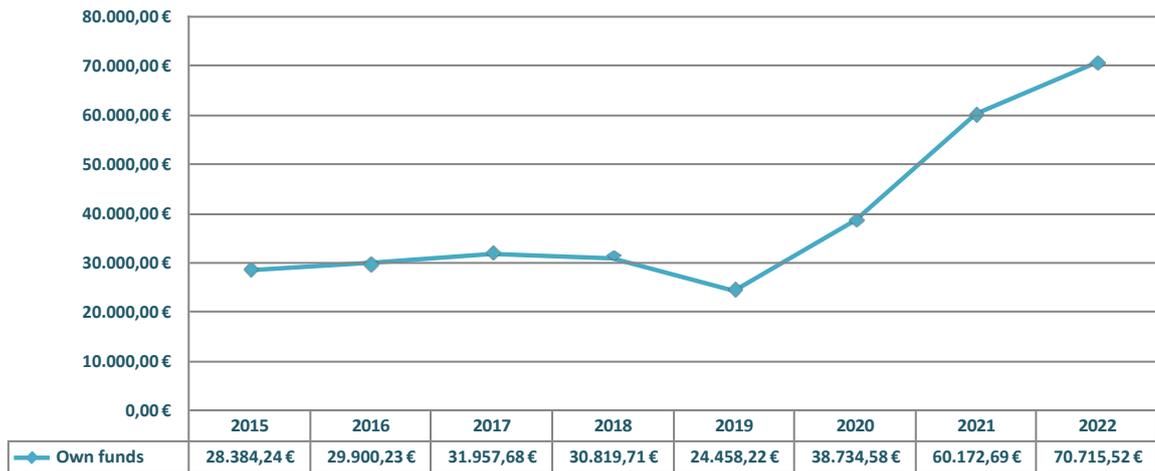
ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

The regulations for foundations in this respect are strict. The accounts are subject to the control of the Protectorate of Foundations, which reports to the Ministry of Education, Culture and Sports, and are filed annually with the Registry of Foundations of the Ministry of Justice. The following hyperlinks provide access to the annual accounts for [2016](#), [2017](#), [2018](#), [2019](#), [2020](#) and [2021](#). And the accounts, still [2022](#).

Results of the exercise



Own funds



Note: Data for 2022 in both charts are still provisional.

The graphs show how the results for the year have evolved in recent years, as well as the Foundation's own funds. From 2020 onwards, we became aware that the Foundation was having a problem with its own funds and needed to improve in this regard, which is why we are working to improve this figure, which already improved significantly in 2020 and has done so again in 2021 and 2022.

All the positive results of the Foundation's activities go directly into increasing its own funds, so that it can be better prepared for possible financial problems in future years.

FINANCING OF PROJECTS

Entretantos is a non-profit organisation, in which all the work that is carried out by the

The resources available are geared to achieving the aims set out above.



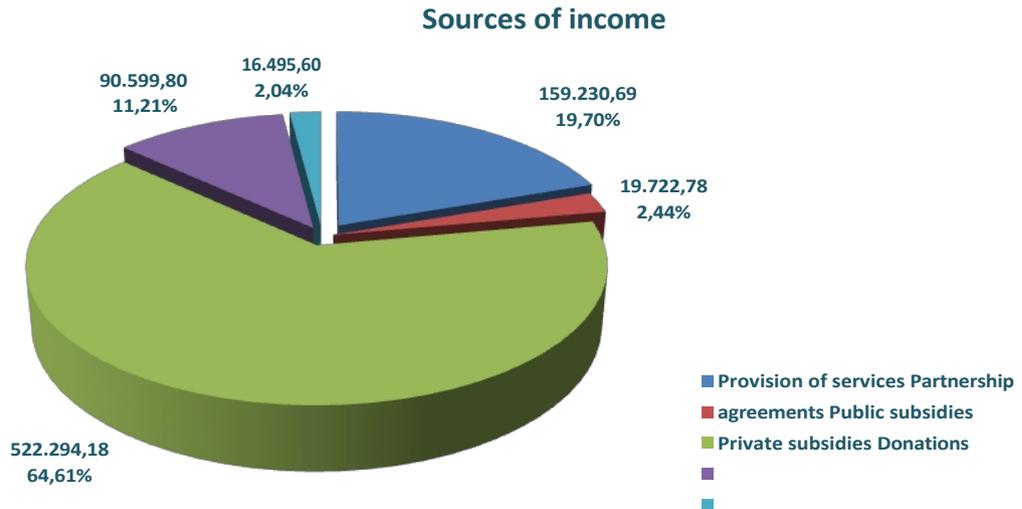
A large part of the funds managed by the organisation come from open calls for grants and subsidies, which can be applied for by any organisation that meets the specific requirements of each initiative.

These calls include, for example, the IRPF call for environmental third sector entities, the Ministry's Agenda 2030 call, those related to the Recovery, Transformation and Resilience Plan funds, some European programmes such as Horizon 2020 or LIFE, and others at European and national level.

In addition, it receives funds from the [Daniel & Nina Carasso Foundation](#) to co-finance some of the projects related to the development of food policies and support for more sustainable and healthy food. It also receives some donations from other entities and/or individuals.

In addition to these projects, the Foundation carries out technical assistance work for municipalities, administrations, organisations or private entities, for which it charges for its services.

The graph shows the distribution of income in 2022 divided according to its origin, including the amounts and the percentage of each item in the total.



All this income and sources of funding, however, are entirely devoted to covering the costs of each project, they do not generate economic benefits and the surpluses obtained, if any, are used to support the aims of the Foundation, to resolve the funding difficulties we are experiencing and/or to contribute to increasing our own funds. The same happens with the private contributions we receive or with the collaboration agreements.

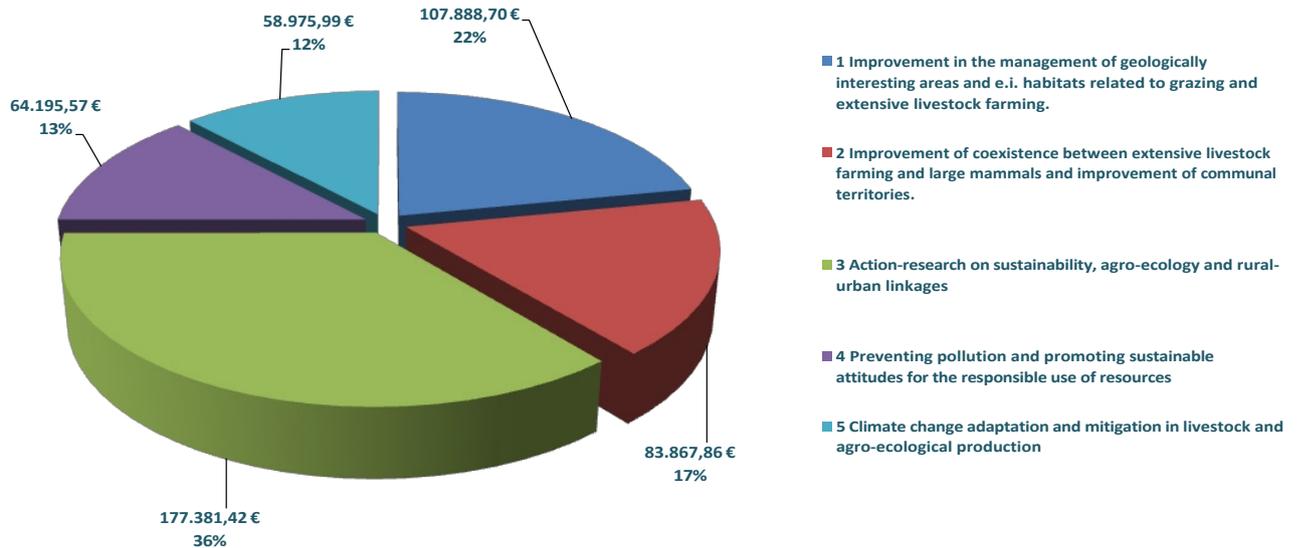
As a non-profit organisation, although the staff members obviously receive income for their work, the foundation does not distribute financial benefits.

Income from the [call for grants for third sector entities from the Ministry for Ecological Transition and Demographic Challenge](#) amounted to 492,309.55 € in 2022, 84.53% of the total requested, justified and paid, which represented 60.90% of the Foundation's total income in this year.

Although this grant is essential for the development of the Foundation's projects, its application, award and payment deadlines, as well as the difference between the amount requested - which must be justified and paid in full - and the amount actually received generate some problems in the funding and treasury of the organisation, problems that we try to solve in the best possible way each year.



The amounts received in 2022 in this subsidy are distributed among the five projects defined in section 5 of this document, as detailed in the following graph:



PERSONNEL POLICY AND PAY EQUITY

The Entretantos Foundation has a professional basis. The work it carries out requires preparation, skills and dedication, and it is the Foundation's aspiration that this work be remunerated fairly and equitably.

The Foundation's policy is to pay for the work carried out under its umbrella. Thus, of the projects that receive funding, the remuneration of the activity is always one of the most important items and, for us, a priority.

The criteria used to establish these remunerations are clear: they are re
The work is distributed fairly (equal pay for equal work), based on the following principles

an indicative guideline which is the hourly wage cost of a senior technician according to the administration's parameters.

This basic remuneration is adjusted according to different criteria depending on workload, responsibility, dedication, reproductive work, care, commuting, etc. These adjustments result in wage differentials never exceeding a ratio of 1.37:1 between the highest and lowest earnings per person, taking into account the total cost per hour worked for the Foundation.

A percentage of the resources we raise, as well as a significant number of volunteer hours, are devoted to relevant activities for which there is no defined source of external funding.

The Foundation is committed to the progressive hiring of its team as its own staff, under the general Social Security regime. However, the problems of uncertainty regarding our sources of funding and cash flow are making it difficult to generalise this type of contract, which in March 2023 affects a total of 8 members of the team, but which is expected to continue to increase in a sustainable manner.

The rest of the team works for the Foundation as freelancers and/or service providers, as many of us combine our work in the Foundation with other types of economic activity (consultancy and/or technical work for other entities, management of rural tourism facilities, etc.).

Moreover, this type of commercial or service contract - and its payment, which is largely made at the end of the year - is much more adaptable to the peculiarities of our economic activity and the characteristics of our sources of income.



The Foundation, however, attends to the personal needs of each team member and their different economic situations. Thus, the team members and/or co-workers who are self-employed and who need to be paid for their services on a more regular basis are paid according to their personal needs, even if the income from their projects has not reached the Foundation.

REPRODUCTIVE WORK, RECONCILIATION AND MUTUAL CARE

At the Foundation we are committed to paid work, which does not mean that there is no voluntary work, reproductive work and care work. The Foundation has been built to a large extent with the disinterested contribution of time and knowledge by many people -which was the majority in our first years of operation- and a large part of the drive and collective effort comes from this type of generous and disinterested contribution.

We are committed to conciliation, co-responsibility and equal distribution of the different tasks and we work to improve our policy and strategies for mutual care and attention to the personal situations of each member of the team. Thus, for example, working hours are very flexible and are adapted to the needs of each person who forms part of the Foundation's team.

Although it is not always easy to be consistent in such a large team and in an often complicated life and work context, we have written down our commitment to mutual care in [this document](#).



AUDIT

Every year we undergo an audit of the projects we apply for in the MITERD's call for subsidies to third sector entities, which supervises that all the expenses we incur in the five projects and all their actions are perfectly justified and paid in due time and form.

ETHICAL FINANCE

The Entretantos Foundation manages its accounts with organisations within the framework of what is known as ethical banking, in particular with [Triodos](#) and [Coop57](#), of which we are [a partner](#).

In 2022 we again requested a credit line from Coop57 to meet the Foundation's financing needs, and we expect to continue to seek to cover our financing needs in the future.



6 | DETAILS OF SOME OF THE FOUNDATION'S PROJECTS

In this chapter, some of the projects are detailed in a little more depth. most relevant projects developed by the Foundation in 2022:

NETWORK OF MUNICIPALITIES FOR AGROECOLOGÍA



From the beginning, the Network's target audience has been elected officials and municipal technical staff. In addition, the social organisations involved in food policies in the municipalities of the Network's member municipalities and the cities' consultancy bodies are also involved.

The organisations that form part of the Network must be committed to the right to sustainable and healthy food, they must work on local food policies based on the principles of agroecology, and they must have a holistic and transformative vision of food systems. In addition, they need to work to integrate all territorial actors promoting local food systems and to foster cooperation and knowledge sharing for innovation in food policy and improved governance.

The aims of the Network of Municipalities for Agroecology are divided into several areas: production and land management, marketing and consumption, public administration and as a network.

- ✓ **In the productive and territorial management sphere:** Recognise peri-urban agriculture and balanced rural-urban relations; recognising the professional, ecological and social activity of producers in the social, economic, political and administrative spheres; preserving the fertile soil and good agronomic practices and restoring the productive capacity of urban and peri-urban environments.
- ✓ **In marketing and consumption:** Promote organic and sustainable agriculture. proximity based on short circuits; raising awareness and appreciation of agricultural work,



agro-ecology-based consumption and agricultural landscape and cultural heritage

- ✓ **In the public administrative sphere:** Promote intra-municipal coordination between departments; review and adapt resources and regulations to the needs of the different departments.
 - to promote multi-stakeholder and multi-level participatory processes; to co-produce knowledge and co-manage public policies; to learn about the progress made in local food policies; to promote the development and implementation of local food policies; and to promote the development and implementation of local food policies.
- ✓ **At the network level:** Stimulate inter-municipal cooperation and articulate and expand networks of municipalities and share with other municipalities and similar networks at the national level.
 - and international level; fostering participation and communication with other levels of public administration of the State and the European Union.

In 2022, a major effort has been made in several lines of work.

Among others:

- ✓ Work is being done to territorialise the network on the basis of small and medium-sized municipalities.
 - The project will also include the organisation of seminars and webinars, and the continuation of the [RURBACT Ae](#) project.
- ✓ The [Barcelona Challenge](#) continues.
- ✓ Together with the 2030 State Secretariat, it participates in the process '[The 2030 Agenda in the design of strategic projects](#)'.
- ✓ In November 2022, the State Agency for Food Safety and Nutrition awarded us the [NAOS Strategy Award for Special Recognition 2022](#).

Relations with local partner entities are materialised in the following areas of the Network:

- ✓ **General Assembly:** This is the Network's highest decision-making body, where the most strategic decisions are taken. It is held twice a year, one of them being







and in which there are spaces to strengthen the relationships between the people who are part of the Network.

- ✓ **Board of Directors:** Decision-making body between assemblies, meets almost monthly. On 19 October 2021 a new one was elected as the President of the Board of Directors.

The following organisations are members of the Association: the València Office, the Rivas-Vaciamadrid Vice-Presidency, the Zaragoza Secretariat, the Orduña Small Municipalities Office, the Advisory and Support Office for Agro-ecological Production Initiatives and Access to Land Cardedeu and the International Relations Office Madrid.

- ✓ **Technical Secretariat:** The technical secretariat - carried out by the Entretantos Foundation - is responsible for implementing the decisions of the General Assembly and

The Board of Directors and coordinates the technical, administrative and economic work involved in the implementation of the action plan. It maintains constant relations with all the actors involved.



CAMBIAR NUESTRA ALIMENTACIÓN PARA MEJORAR EL LUGAR EN QUE VIVIMOS



RED DE MUNICIPIOS POR LA AGROECOLOGÍA ASAMBLEA Y ENCUENTRO ANUAL CASTELLÓ, 6-8 OCTUBRE 2022



The entities that are members of the Council of Social Organisations -COS- meet periodically in the 8-9 meetings of the COS that are held annually, with the Technical Secretariat acting as the driving force. The involvement of this consultative body in the project has increased over time, until it has become a fundamental pillar in the functioning of the Network. It also participates in the meetings of the Board of Directors and the Ordinary and Extraordinary Assemblies.

The total budget of the Network for 2022 has been 192,625.73 €, of which 51.5% has 48.5% came from public funds and 48.5% from private subsidies.

The sources of funding, in order of importance, were the Daniel and Nina Carasso Foundation, the Barcelona City Council, the Ministry for Eco- logical Transition and the Demographic Challenge, the European Climate Foundation, the European Commission, the European Commission, the European Commission and the European Commission.



(Horizon Europa and Erasmus +), the municipalities of the Network and the Junta de Comunidad- des de Castilla La Mancha.

For a more detailed overview of what the Network is and how it works for local food policies, please consult our [Service Charter](#) and our website, www.municipiosagroeco.red.

BCN CHALLENGE



The Network of Municipalities for Agroecology is promoting an international process of articulating coordinated municipal responses for local agro-food systems in the face of the climate emergency, and at the [7th Global Forum of the Milan Pact on Urban Food Policies](#) (MUFPP), last October 2021 in Barcelona, it launched the proposal [The Barcelona Challenge for Good Food and Climate](#).

The Barcelona Challenge for Good Food and Climate (hereinafter BCGFC) is a cross-cutting dimension of the MUFPP, setting out challenges, objectives and actions on sustainable and healthy food in its six categories that have a specific impact on the climate emergency. From there, it seeks to provide coherence and coordinate the debates on sustainable and healthy food carried out in the different forums that have been developed in 2021 and 2022 to enhance their concreteness and impact at national and international level. The participants in the project are mainly local administrations of municipalities and institutions and NGOs, from the local to the global level, involved in climate action.

The proposal, funded by the Barcelona City Council and the Daniel and Nina Carasso Foundation, has successfully achieved its objectives by bringing together 25 cities. At

RETO 1



MITIGACIÓN

Reducir las emisiones de gases de efecto invernadero (GEI) de los sistemas agroalimentarios para limitar el calentamiento global.

RETO 2



ADAPTACIÓN

Adaptar los sistemas agroalimentarios locales para que sean más resilientes a los fenómenos climáticos extremos.

Barcelona, Granollers, Valencia, Vitoria-Gasteiz, Rivas Vaciamadrid (Spain), Le Havre, Lyon, Mouans-Sartoux, Marseille (France), Milan (Italy), Kazan (Russia), Quelimane (Mozambique), Antananarivo (Madagascar), Ouagadougou (Burkina Faso), Rosario (Argentina), Belo Horizonte (Brazil), Bogota (Colombia), Surat, Indore, Jabalpur, Sagar, Ujjain, Chardigah, Jammu (India); and Tel-Aviv (Israel).

In terms of partners, the BCGFC has been able to secure the support of RUAF, IPES Food, EAT, Rikolto and Glasgow Declaration, as well as its promoters - Ajuntament de Barcelona, RCxAe (Spain), MUFPP, C40, Terres en Villes (France) and Sustainable Food Places (UK) - and the Daniel and Ninna Caras-So Foundation itself.

The impacts of the BCGFC on the member municipalities are mainly:

- ✓ The process of linking to the proposal has, on the one hand, catalysed competition and, on the other hand, has led to the formulation of all current and future municipal food policy (2021-2030). This has strengthened intra-municipal coordination as well as the grounding of the medium-term food policy strategy and, on the other hand, has forced municipalities to establish and make visible the aspirational quantitative objectives of their policies.
- ✓ Visibility of food policies through the commitment summary of each city (see [here](#) the example of Barcelona) and of the compilation of good practices. The practical examples of each of them (soon to be published on the website).
- ✓ Generation of spaces for meeting and exchange, both virtual, in the bimonthly meetings of the BCGFC cities, and in person, by means of The international meetings organised for technicians of local councils and local policy makers (see [here](#) for the programme of the first Meeting in Spain), to address the different aspects of food policies for climate action.



During the year 2022, different materials have been developed:

- ✓ [TBCGFC one year on" report](#), illustrating the scope of the 25 cities' commitments.
- ✓ Compilation of [good practices from 15 cities](#).
- ✓ Reports of the peer exchange visits carried out in Barcelona and Granollers (May 2022) and Lyon and Mouans-Sartoux (July 2022). See under resources sos: <https://thebcnchallenge.org/resources/>
- ✓ Short [animation video](#) in English and Spanish
- ✓ [General GIF](#) on the scope of the proposal (for RRSS ES, EN, FR, IT, CAT, EUS).
- ✓ GIF of the proposal of each municipality (for RRSS), see example of Granollers [here](#).

LIVESEEDING

Since October 2022, the RMAe has been involved in the project "[Organic seed and plant breeding to accelerate sustainable and diverse food systems in Europe - LIVESEEDING](#)", which brings together 36 organisations operating in 15 European countries, has a duration of 4 years and a total budget of 6.6 million euros. It is coordinated by the Organic Farming Research Institute FiBL.



LIVESEEDING is an innovation project funded by the EU Horizon Europe programme, which aims at scaling up organic seed and plant breeding to accelerate sustainable and diverse food systems in Europe: through (i) improving the availability of organic plant breeding material of organic cultivars of a wide range of crops, selected to improve diversity and adaptation to local conditions; and (ii) the



strengthening and diversification of the organic seed sector in a sustainable way. coordinated with market demands.

LIVESEEDING contributes to the transition towards environmentally friendly, climate neutral, healthy and fair food systems through the further development of: (i) cultivars suitable for organic and low external input production; (ii) new governance models linking plant breeding with value chain actors and citizens with local food production; and (iii) awareness raising on the importance of biodiversity for our food and health.

The main role of the Network of Municipalities for Agroecology is to lead the generation of horizontal initiatives for the proliferation and scaling up of organic seeds and plant breeding and to involve citizens and cities in increasing the consumption of organic semi-foods. The organisation has a budget of 179,000 € for the period 2022-2026.

RURBACT

The Network of Municipalities for Agroecology has been working since 2020, through the [RURBACT](#) project, to strengthen the role of the agroecologically oriented production sector in the co-production of sustainable and healthy food policies.

There are 8 producer organisations that, together with RMAe, participate in RURBACT: Ekoalde (linked territorially to the municipality of Baztan, Navarra), COAG Canarias (linked to the municipality of San Cristóbal de La Laguna, Tenerife), Sindicato Labrego Galego (linked to the municipality of Allariz, Ourense), APAEMA (linked to the municipality of Palma de Mallorca), VallaEcolid (linked to the municipality of Valladolid), Mincha d'aquí (supported by CERAI-Aragón and linked to the municipality of Ainsa-So-



brarbe, Huesca), Ecotira (supported by CERAI and linked to the municipality of Valencia), Unión de Huertas Agroecológicas de Madrid (Madrid Agroecológico and linked to the municipality of Madrid).

As a result of the work carried out within RURBACT, the "[Charter for Sustainable Agriculture and Food](#)" has been drawn up, based on the debate between the groups of farmers involved in the project. This charter presents very specific proposals to meet the needs of the agro-ecologically oriented production sector at municipal, regional and national levels.

The project is funded by the European Climate Foundation and has a budget of €55,000. for the 2022-2023 biennium.

AESOP4FOOD



This is an Erasmus + project, in which RMAe participates as a partner together with Commons Lab Foundation (Warsaw), LNI LE:NOTRE Institute (Wageningen), SGW Warsaw University of Life Sciences, SUPAGRO L'Institute Agro Montpellier, TEV Terres en Ville, UGENT Ghent University and the Universidad Politécnica de Madrid,

The AESOP4Food project aims to respond to the need for sustainable food planning argued in the Report edited by the International Panel of Experts on Sustainable Food Systems IPES-Food (February 2019) for a "Common Food Policy for the European Union": by establishing a system-wide approach to the food system, bringing together the different sectoral policies affecting food production, processing, distribution and consumption, and reorienting all actions towards the transition to sustainability.



The governance analysis shows that there are serious gaps in knowledge and transformative competencies to address the challenges in a sustainable way. transformative competencies to address the challenges in a multidisciplinary way.

Sustainable food planning is a transdisciplinary field that brings together policy makers, academics, community workers, NGOs and practitioners from all over the world.

Graduates of (spatial) planning courses have an essential role to play in the development of integrated spatial plans in a democratic way, and for this they must be able to adopt a cross-sectoral, multi-level and multi-sectoral, multi-level and multi-lateral approach.

The consortium consists of both universities and associations of local authorities. It is coordinated by Stichting LE:NOTRE Institute (NL), which promotes the development of knowledge in the field of landscape.

During 2022 the main activities consisted of

- ✓ Preparation, organisation, realisation and evaluation of the first pilot of the course Sustainable Food Planning Centre to which the livings were connected. labs. The course was held in the first half of 2022.
- ✓ Training and learning activities: The LTT was mainly organised as follows by UPM and RMAe in collaboration with the other partners. The work consisted of in preparing, organising and evaluating the first Intensive Sustainable Food Planning Programme in Madrid (26 June to 5 July 2022).



- ✓ Multiplier event: LNI presented the course material and module description; and together with the partners who were present, they discussed the content with a local and international audience in October 2022.
- ✓ We are currently in the planning/organisation phase of next year's course content and (continuation of) the living labs (the course The programme will start on 2 March 2023), and preparing for the intensive programme in Gan- te, Belgium, which is scheduled to take place from 8 to 19 July 2023.

The RMAe budget for this project between 2022 and 2024 is €14,394.00.

VALLADOLID FOOD STRATEGY

Throughout 2017 and 2018, the city of Valladolid developed a process of reflection on its local agri-food system. This research-reflection process led to a participatory process for the drafting of a Food Strategy for the City, which is currently in its implementation phase.

The project to build the Food Strategy was implemented by the Alliance for Food Sovereignty of Valladolid, formed by the Valladolid City Council, the Entretantos Foundation and the University of Valladolid, which was joined in 2019 by MercaOlid and the VallaEcolid Association. The project was co-funded by the Daniel and Nina Carasso Foundation until March 2020, through its call for proposals dedicated to Territorialised Food Systems.

As part of this process, the Entretantos Foundation supported and financed the development of a system of municipal food policy indicators by the University of Valladolid. In turn, Valladolid City Council set up the Ecomercado de la Plaza de España, thanks to a grant from the Junta de Andalucía.



of Castilla y León. Within the framework of this same funding, in 2019 support was provided for the creation of VallaEcolid, a regional association that currently has three sections that independently manage the Ecomercado de la Plaza de España, the shared bakery project and the collection and distribution centre (the latter two located in the Mercaolid facilities). In the last two projects, the Foundation has carried out advisory and support tasks.

The shared workshop opened its doors in April 2022, with 4 active processing projects. Its facilities have 3 sanitary registers (and a room for the warehouse of the collection and distribution centre) and 3 processing rooms, where vegetable products can be processed, meals can be prepared, gluten-free pastries and bakery products can be processed, and gluten-free pastries and bakery products can be processed.

The collection and distribution centre began to operate organically during the confinement between March and May 2020, when the Ecomercado closed its doors and its producers organised themselves to deliver closed baskets to Valladolid households, with the technical support of the Entretantos Foundation and the financial support of Valladolid City Council. In November 2020, it began to operate autonomously and definitively, initially for the online sale of products directly to the end consumer.

Thanks to the work carried out by the Entretantos Foundation with technicians from the city council on the drafting of technical specifications for the provision of healthy and sustainable food in the canteens of Valladolid's nursery schools, in 2021 the incorporation of organic, local and seasonal food into children's menus began, with the contact between the VallaEcolid Association and the companies that manage these nursery schools (EEII). In 2021, healthy and sustainable menus were prepared for the EEII with seasonal, local and organic food, which were accompanied by recipes and recommendations.



nes. And training was given to both the cooks and the accompanying educators. the school canteen in the EEII.

From the project and the GIASAT platform, the Entretantos Foundation also supports and accompanies VallaEcolid in the implementation of specific IT tools (Plant on demand, PoD) that help to manage processes and reduce working hours throughout the food distribution and marketing process. In 2022, work was carried out together with 3 other collection and distribution centres (or sustainable FoodHubs) on the study of indicators of the benefits of these collaborative distribution centres for the agro-ecological food sector.

Also from the GIASAT consortium, VallaEcolid has been incorporated as a partner to the national project of GIASAT-Food Supra-Autonomous Operational Group.

Throughout 2022, Fundación Entretantos has accompanied VallaEcolid in internal processes to analyse the perception and involvement of the members of the collection and distribution centre and in internal information work for all members of the association, launching a quarterly newsletter.

In 2022, the Entretantos Foundation continued to develop the service contract for the environmental education programme related to the Valladolid Food Strategy, specifically for 'Communicative, informative and training actions'. This year we have worked mainly with AMPAS, secondary school teachers and students, people at risk of vulnerability related to the city's CEAS and groups of elderly people, as well as maintaining the Strategy's website and social networks. The contract is underway and can be extended until 2024.

Two meetings of the Food Strategy Monitoring Committee were held and the annual meeting was held at the Ecomercado in the Plaza de España, with a children's cooking competition and an exhibition of local tomato varieties.



In 2022, the Entretantos Foundation began a process of participatory design of a pilot project with the Social Services of the City Council and with local food aid organisations, for training and awareness-raising "face-to-face" with the population at risk of vulnerability, to help advance in the necessary change in eating habits. In addition, in order to amplify the dissemination and awareness of sustainable and healthy eating, we have actively worked in alliances with training centres (mainly specialising in Nutrition and Dietetics) for the Food Strategy, through the development of internships with students within the framework of the project.

Another of the new lines opened and already started in 2021 is the project "aCCCercan- do: activating short marketing circuits in state markets". This project is based on Mercaolid's experience in supporting these food transition projects and is intended to be extended to other national markets, in order to strengthen its role in supporting local and organic production included in Territorialised Food Systems. This project has resulted in the production of a guide and 3 informative videos. It has not been possible to hold a day to present the materials and work with the national markets due to Mercasa's lack of involvement in the project, which has slowed down the timescale and paralysed certain actions.

The work of sharing and extrapolating the experience of the Valladolid Food Strategy to neighbouring provinces, such as Palencia, Burgos and Zamora, has continued. In Palencia through the dynamisation of the actions arising from the Food Sovereignty Round Table in Palencia and the APYCE association. This year the focus is mainly on strengthening the ecomarket in Palencia through the production of an informative video.

More information on the project can be found at www.alimentavalladolid.info



ALLIANCE FOR A TERRITORIALISED FOOD SYSTEM IN LA VERA



In 2020, the Entretantos Foundation, after a long history in the development of research, projects and the generation of networks to promote agroecology, decided to start work in the region of La Vera, where it has one of its headquarters, to promote a transition towards a territorialised food system (SAT).

Aware of the importance of involving all stakeholders from the outset, various organisations were brought together to form an alliance with sufficient capacity to undertake a process that is expected to be of medium to long duration. Thus was born the Alliance for the Promotion of Territorialised Food Systems in La Vera, made up of the Entretantos Foundation itself, the Intermunicipal Association of La Vera, the GAL Adicover, the Training Centre for the Rural Environment of Naval Moral de la Mata, the Research Group on Forestry and Natural Environment Engineering of the University of Extremadura (INDEHESA), the Centre for Ecological and Mountain Agriculture of Cicytex (CAEM), the Landscape, Ecology and Gender Association and Ecologists in Action, to work towards the achievement of a sustainable and local agri-food model in the region of La Vera, with the following objectives:

- ✓ To understand the metabolism of the county's food system.
- ✓ Drawing up a document with the participation of all the agents in the food chain in the region, a Regional Food Strategy, to guide policies public authorities with an impact on the matter at the territorial level.
- ✓ Create a space for governance, monitoring and mutual support - a Co-branded Food Council - that will enable the search for resources and the organisation of actors for the implementation of the Strategy's actions.



- ✓ To promote the necessary transitions to advance in the development of a Territorialised Food System, in line with the SDGs.
- ✓ Promote the social and solidarity economy from the public institutions, giving more coherence in public food spending, and by facilitating the training of The aim is to promote initiatives or changes that will help to halt depopulation and adapt to climate change.
- ✓ Develop a process that can be replicated in bioregions and comarcas. and/or similar to facilitate "leapfrogging".

In February 2022, the media and local public agents were invited to a press conference at the Parador de Jarandilla, where both the La Vera Nos Alimenta project and its website were presented, as well as the results of the first report, developed during 2021, on the Dimensioning of Public Food Procurement. From there, during the first months of the year, we have made progress in the research on the regional food system in several ways:

- ✓ By asking local residents about their consumption habits and preferences. We have collected more than 300 responses by means of a form. online, some street surveys and the collaboration of some local points such as the CEA in Cuacos de Yuste and the Jarandilla Consumer Office of the Extremadura Consumer Information Consortium. We have also held a couple of discussion groups on the subject in Talaveruela and Losar.
- ✓ Studying the social perception of the transition towards a more sustainable and healthier local food system in our region, by means of workshops on future scenarios in Madrigal and Jarandilla, and semi-structured interviews



relevant actors in the territory on key issues such as education/training, employment, health, access to resources, producer grouping,...

- ✓ Studying the current production system and calculating its potential. For Therefore, in addition to researching existing data, a survey has been launched. online about the agro-industrial sector in the region,
- ✓ We have approached the hospitality sector and small local businesses because of their potential as agents of change, as a major consumer of food and gastronomic promoter of local products. Thanks to the support of ATURIVE, and with the collaboration of the Universidad Popular de Jarandilla, we were able to hold a discussion group on the consumption habits and preferences of the hotel and catering sector, and we also conducted several interviews with local businesses.

Projects were also submitted to new calls for proposals in order to obtain funding both for environmental education activities to accompany the transition process that is being promoted (Education for global citizenship of the Cáceres Provincial Council), and to be able to continue developing the following phases of the project, once the diagnosis phase (Agenda 2030) has been completed.

At the beginning of the summer we were able to attend the conference "Agroecology and sustainable food. Proposals from the local level", organised by the Network of Municipalities for Agroecology, the Directorate General for the 2030 Agenda and Consumption of the Regional Government of Castilla-La Mancha, the Terrae Network and the Miguelturra Town Council, and see for ourselves how an appropriate public institutional framework facilitates and promotes through regulations that small municipalities can continue to feed themselves in the best possible way.

In October we held a presentation session on the results of the reports that make up the diagnosis of the food system, both with the entities that make up the La Vera Nos Alimenta alliance, and with the political and technical staff of the



local administrations in the region, which also agreed on the date and place for the public presentation of the Diagnosis, as well as a first approach to agents and scenarios to be taken into account for the subsequent development of the Strategy. We also launched the first edition of the Sabores Veratos de Temporá Competition.

On 17 December, in Guijo de Santa Bárbara, we organised the II Conference La Vera Nos Alimenta, in which, in addition to enjoying a market of local producers enlivened by young local folk artists, the Diagnosis How do we feed ourselves in La Vera? was publicly presented, as well as the whole process on which the alliance intends to continue advancing, which will take place in 2023. With the support of Agen- da 2030, work will continue on the generation of a participatory food strategy, as well as on the creation of a Regional Food Council, and on the development of training actions for staff linked to public food procurement in municipal canteens, as well as for producers who want to get involved in pilot projects for the transition to more localised and healthier models of public canteens.

GIASAT. INTEGRATED AGRO-ECOLOGICAL MANAGEMENT OF TERRITORIALISED FOOD SYSTEMS

The working group GIASAT (Gestión Integral Agroecológica de los Sistemas Alimentarios Territorializados) is a consortium formed by the Entretantos Foundation, the Institute of Sociology and Peasant Studies (ISEC) of the University of Cordoba, the Centre for Rural Studies and International Agriculture (CERAI - Zaragoza and Valencia), the Germinando Cooperative (Madrid) and the Plant On Demand Cooperative (Madrid).

Its aim is to encourage the transition towards territorialised food systems (TAS) by supporting small-scale local agro-ecological production and the distribution of their products through short marketing channels.



During 2022, the Working Group has focused on the study of indicators to identify the benefits of sustainable Food Hubs, in addition to improving the development of the digital PoD tool.

The consortium has submitted an application to the call for Supra-autonomic Operational Groups, and in November was awarded the project: "Giasat-Food Ecosystem of tools for the strengthening and consolidation of Food Hubs Sustainable (FHS) through multi-action for the short channel and direct sale in seven CCAA", which will run until 2024 and which has integrated the VallaEcolid Association and its Collection and Distribution Centre, together with the Ekoalde Association. It has funding for all the partners of €500,611.

A second funding project has been presented to the Daniel and Nina Carasso Foundation, which was granted in October and which is allowing the consortium's website and social networks to be set up, the systematisation of the work carried out in the FHS and the territorial expansion of Giasat, in order to begin work on food transition in other territories.

The project will last 18 months and is funded by the European Commission. 91,674 for all partners.

ANALYSIS AND DIMENSIONING OF PROXIMITY CIRCUITS AND THEIR TECHNICAL-ECONOMIC REFERENCES

During 2020, a first research on how to facilitate transitions towards sustainable territorialised food systems (TFS) based on innovation in entrepreneurial processes in agricultural production with an agro-ecological approach and new logistical and commercial models was carried out in coordination with the GIASAT consortium.



During 2021, the need to obtain a global vision of the short marketing channels in Spain led us to carry out a prospective study, with the aim of analysing and dimensioning the proximity circuits (Direct Sales and Short Channels) and providing them with technical-economic references. The aim was to create basic information to facilitate the transition of conventional and organic producers who sell through long channels, as well as the incorporation of new producers and technical references to facilitate the transition of professional farmers and new entrepreneurs towards agro-ecological production.

Based on the data analysed, the direct sales channel accounts for less than 1% of food product purchases in Spain. In production, less than 1% of farms make direct sales worth more than 50% of their total sales. If we extend this to the Short Marketing Channels as a whole, there are no official statistics. However, despite the important effort made, it is necessary to continue working along these lines in order to obtain statistically significant data, if possible in collaboration with the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food and the National Statistics Institute.

During 2022, the question has been further explored since, despite the appearance of the 2020 Agricultural Census, no new data has been presented that would shed light on these data. Thus:

- ✓ Last year's database has been expanded, with more than 4,500 operators. (natural persons and companies) registered in the databases of the different autonomous communities.
- ✓ The survey has been simplified to facilitate participation and completion.



- ✓ All database operators have been re-contacted who had e-mail and/or telephone, resulting in a total of 65 new totaling more than 120 surveys for the new analysis (2021 and 2022).
- ✓ Based on the new responses, the first version of the technical and economic benchmarks produced in 2021 has been improved.

The budget was €4,280 (including VAT), subsidised by the Ministry for Ecological Transition and the Demographic Challenge's grants to third sector organisations.

STRATEGIES AND TOOLS FOR THE PROFESSIONALISATION OF CCC'S

During 2022, the Food Quality area, a key aspect for the professionalisation and increase of sales in short marketing channels and collective catering, has been studied in depth, especially in the case of Food Hubs. To this end, two actions have been carried out:

The first is the tutoring of the Master's thesis "Analysis and proposals for quality criteria for organic products: Solutions from agroecology to unsustainability and food waste in a case study in Valencia, by Celia Escudero García", presented in September 2022 at the Public University of Navarra and with a final mark of 8.5/10.

The aim of this study was to find out, through interviews, about the difficulties encountered in the local sale of organic products through food hubs and to provide answers to the needs of the different figures involved in them.



The work focused on a case study of the Ecotira logistics centre, which is emerging in the Valencia region and supplies organic products to canteens in Spain.

The need was identified to create quality criteria adapted to the sale of organic products for school canteens, which could reduce the waste of fresh vegetable food that is discarded even though it is fit for human consumption. The main tangible result of the work has been the creation of a methodology to create quality criteria adapted to food hubs and the sale of local, organic and mass catering food. The methodology was tested by creating quality sheets adapted to the case study.

The Entretantos Foundation collaborated greatly in the realisation of this TFM, identifying the key people and the pilot project, participating in 6 of the 7 interviews carried out, providing abundant bibliography and knowledge on the subject and making numerous suggestions in the elaboration of the final manuscript.

Secondly, based on this work, the guide 'Proposals for the self-elaboration of quality criteria for organic products in direct sales, short marketing channels and mass catering' has been developed. It defines in more detail the concepts of quality, the benefits of quality and proposes a conceptual framework for food choice and its relation to quality. In addition, the methodology presented in the TFM has been improved and the worksheets have been simplified to make them more user-friendly.

The cost of the action, including VAT, was €2,807.20, subsidised by the aid to third sector entities from the Ministry for Ecological Transition and the Demographic Challenge.



WEAVING THE PANTRY: A MODEL OF TERRITORIALISED FOOD GOVERNANCE IN THE MERINDAD DE SANGÜESA, NAVARRE

It is a project initiated in October 2020, promoted by the Cederna Garalur Local Action Group and co-financed by the Daniel and Nina Carasso Foundation, accompanied by different local entities of the territory and a strong associative fabric. It has now received another round of funding and is preparing to launch its second phase.

The project aims to revitalise and strengthen the rural socio-economic fabric (especially in terms of its agri-food system) in order to reverse depopulation rates; as well as to contribute to sustainable development objectives by facilitating economic and physical access to healthy, sustainable and fair food for all inhabitants of the region, pursuing the construction of a socially, economically and environmentally sustainable food system.

The challenge is to initiate a process of food governance that we envisage consolidating in 10 years' time, and which includes the regions of Sangüesa, the Pyrenees and the Pre-Pyrenees.

In 2022, the project has continued to accompany the driving group, a series of professional meetings have been held and support has been provided in the preparation of a catalogue of local productions as well as in the preparation of proposals for calls for new subsidies to continue the project. The amount of the contract in 2022 was 4,016 euros + VAT.

ACTIVATION OF COLLECTIVE AGRO-ECOLOGICAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP

In 2022, a programme is being developed for the town council of Herrera de Pisuerga (Palencia) to stimulate agro-ecological entrepreneurship on municipal plots of land through the transfer of use of these plots and a programme of accompaniment and mentoring for the group of people participating in the programme.

The programme consisted in the elaboration of a design for the distribution of the production and distribution of the

on the farms, an economic feasibility study of the project and a study of the

sizing of public and private procurement at the municipal level. As well as a series of days of public presentation of the results and attracting interest in the programme.

During the last quarter of 2022, the interested group was accompanied through a series of workshops to define the project's objectives, mission and vision, as well as to seek convergence with other related projects.

The amount of the contract is 7,369 euros + VAT.

PREVIOUS TASKS FOR THE ORGANISATION OF AN AGROECOLOGICAL MARKET IN CASTELLÓ DE LA PLANA

The Entretantos Foundation is developing for the Castelló City Council's Department of Ecological Transition, agriculture, integral water cycle, new energy model and environmental quality, the revitalisation of the 1st Castelló de la Plana Agro-ecological Market, as a strategy for the articulation of agro-ecological production and consumption in the municipality.

The work aims to: 1) support local agro-ecological production and reinforce its economic viability, 2) give visibility to local productions and their sales outlets, 3) to enhance the value of local produce, 4) to increase the vitality of the municipality, and 5) to generate attractions in the framework of sustainable tourism.

The work plan implemented focuses on the development of three main actions:

Activation of agro-ecological initiatives in the province of Castellón with potential for participation in the I Mercat agroecològic de Castelló de la Plana.



Action 2. Linking the local social and business fabric with the 1st Agroecological Market of Castelló de la Plana.

Generation of recommendations for a stable legal coverage of the I Mer- cat agroecològic de Castelló de la Plana and subsequent ones.

BCN SMART RURAL



The objective of this technical assistance carried out for Barcelona Provincial Council in 2022 has been the design of the consultation structure of the "Tools" section of the BCN Smart Rural digital platform and the preparation of the dossier of innovative reference projects in the field of agroecology and sustainable food systems.

The contents of the dossier have been prepared in the form of a fact sheet and have been drawn up on the basis of more than 70 experiences of agro-ecological dynamisation and sustainable food systems in Spain and Europe, by consulting documents and the people responsible for the different experiences.

The work has included the review and compilation of existing projects and references, and the drafting and uploading of fact sheets for each of the reference projects. The thematic areas on which experiences have been compiled include access to land, agricultural relief, agricultural entrepreneurship and dynamisation, soil fertility, preservation of agricultural spaces, healthy and sustainable food, agri-food processing, distribution and commercialisation, markets, public collective catering, food system waste, food strategies and advice, etc.

This technical assistance has been developed through a minor contract with the Provincial Council of the Province of Valencia. tation of Barcelona for a total amount of 9,350 euros + VAT.





GREEN PILL

Green Pill is an experimental communication project of the Entretantos Foundation, launched in 2019 to promote transitions towards a living and productive rural world, where natural resources are conserved and people can and want to live well.

It develops audiovisual materials that it then disseminates through social networks, with the aim of having an impact on the rural population and, especially, the conventional agricultural sector, in order to generate symbolic territories favourable to agro-ecological transitions.

In 2021, the research focused on studying what strategies populisms have used to have a communicative impact in rural Europe, and on generating materials that explore the relationship between the Spanish and migrant population in the rural world.

During the year 2022, the production and dissemination of these materials - eight videos in total - was completed and priority was given to convening a series of spaces for reflection to discuss, both with specialised personnel from the academy and with the general public, what would be the best way to continue the project.

In this project, Fundación Entretantos has collaborated with Maggie Schmitt and Juan Alcón Durán, Joan Canela (Fábrica Gráfica), Producciones Intermedia and Traficantes de Sueños for the audio-visual production of eight videos.

The budget for implementation between 2021 and 2022 is €33,072. The funding comes from the European Climate Foundation (€20,000) and grants for third sector entities from the Ministry for Ecological Transition and the Demographic Challenge (€13,072).

Further information: <http://www.pildoraverde.org>





EU4ADVICE

In 2022 the European Commission approves the project *HORIZON-CL6-2021-GOVERNAN- CE-01-27: Establishment of multi-actor collaboration dynamics and capacity building networks within and between AKIS to foster the scaling up of CCCs across Europe* within the 2021 call of Horizon Europe projects. The Foundation participates as one of the two Spanish partners in the project, together with Innogestiona Ambiental and 25 other European partners.

In line with the new CAP post 2020, the F2F Strategy and the Green Deal, the EU4Advice project will develop methodologies and tools to connect Short Food Supply Chain (SCS) advisors in a common network with the aim of fostering the extension of consumer-producer chains across Europe. CCCs are a means for producers to increase their bargaining power and improve their position within the value chain, and for consumers to increase confidence, transparency, quality and safety of their food. To extend the reach of consumer-producer chains across Europe, policy and socio-economic barriers and gaps need to be addressed, and EU4Advice will provide the necessary tools to stakeholders to overcome them.

One of the main challenges to achieve this goal is to improve national supply chain information systems through the implementation of new governance models that facilitate the integration of supply chain advisory services.

Thus, the project focuses on short supply chain advisors to be included in national AKIS (Agricultural Knowledge and Innovation Systems): identifying them, gathering their knowledge, defining their training and integrating them as national advisors. At the same time, the needs of short supply chain advisors will be addressed in 4 Living Labs in 4 countries.



(one of them in Spain), incorporating all the agents and sectors that may be related to the subject. And it will be the Fundación Entretantos that will be in charge of developing the Living Lab in our country.

The project will run from 2022 to 2027 and the total budget managed by the Foundation will be €100,890.50, of which just over €28,000 will be for external assistance, mainly related to GIASAT entities.

RECOGNISING AND TASTING OUR WORLD

In the spring of 2021, the project 'From the vegetable garden to the University' began, which in 2022 will continue with 'Recognising and tasting our world', financed by the cooperation fund of the University of Valladolid with an endowment of 2,614 euros, which aims to raise awareness and activate the educational community of the UVA campuses in relation to the impacts and inequalities generated by the current food and consumption model.

The idea is to promote a critical attitude towards a globalised and depersonalised system and to bring participants in the programme closer to the reality of local producers, giving them a face, getting to know their stories, their difficulties and encouraging them to change their habits.

Within the framework of this programme, the 'Recognising and tasting our world' days were held, which consisted of a series of cookery discussions on the problems of the global food system.

In these workshops, producers, NGOs, etc. were in dialogue with the person who co-created a recipe using local and organic produce.



PALENCIA FOOD SOVEREIGNTY ROUNDTABLE

In 2019, a process of accompaniment began for a group of entities that joined together in the framework of the Climate Alliance with the aim of advocating with the Palencia City Council to implement a series of actions within the framework of the Milan Pact, signed by the City Council in 2018.

Since then, the Entretantos Foundation has been supporting this Alliance by convening and facilitating meetings to define the group's work plan, preparing proposals to present to the City Council and preparing projects for the financing of the development of a provincial Food Strategy for the Daniel and Nina Carasso Foundation, among others.

In 2021, a conference open to all citizens was also organised with the participation of speakers Dolores Raigón, Agronomist Engineer from the University of Valencia, and José Ángel Sánchez, representing ARGEOL, the association that promotes and manages the Las Loras geopark in Palencia and promotes the GeoFood project and brand in this geopark.

The aim of this conference was to attract more people to the working group that was set up as the Palencia Food Sovereignty Board, with a view to strengthening it and continuing to develop actions to promote healthy and sustainable food in the city and province.

In 2022, the Bureau identified the need to support existing initiatives, such as the ecomarket, and a promotional video was produced to publicise the project and the producers and encourage attendance.

The budget in 2022 has been €4,880, financed through the grants for third sector entities of the MITERD.



ALLIANCE FOR HEALTHY, SUSTAINABLE AND SOCIAL FOOD FOR BURGOS

In Burgos, a process has been initiated to accompany several social entities in the city interested in the transition to a healthy and sustainable food system and in the implementation of a municipal Food Strategy.

Meetings have been held with interested entities and individuals to share the Valladolid experience and the process that could be followed in Burgos, and two meetings have been organised with Burgos City Council to present the idea and a specific proposal for a participatory process to draw up an Ali-mentary Strategy for the city.

Following the definition of this process, a document entitled "Alliance for Healthy, Sustainable and Social Food for Burgos" has been drawn up in collaboration with the driving group, in order to serve as a common working framework for all entities, administrations and organisations that wish to work on this issue in the province. A summary of the actions implemented can be seen in this [informative video](#) of the training sessions of the UBU Verde.

The budget in 2022 has been €1,476, financed through the grants for third sector entities of the MITERD.

GUIDE OF RECOMMENDATIONS ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF MUNICIPAL POLICIES FOR THE MANAGEMENT AND RECYCLING OF BIOWASTE

The Entretantos Foundation provides technical assistance to the Regidoria d'Agricultura, Alimentació Sostenible i Horta de l'Ajuntament de València, for the production of



a policy implementation guidance document for cities in the framework of the European [WaysTUP!](#) project.

The guide, addressed not only to stakeholders associated with the WaysTUP! project, but also to other actors at local level across Europe, aims to promote the replicability of the project's results. The document aims to provide recommendations to those with technical and political responsibility in EU municipalities on good regulatory, management and awareness-raising practices for biotechnological processes to reintegrate into the agri-food chain by-products that are currently treated as waste, from a circular economy perspective and to reduce agri-food waste.

The guide will be finalised in 2023, will be in English and will be based on the following elements:

- ✓ The results of the baseline analysis of existing policies and regulations.
- ✓ The results of the evaluation of the pilot projects implemented in the project.
- ✓ Key results related to citizen participation and business concepts.

This guidance document will effectively support innovation and the development of organisational models that will promote the valorisation of municipal bio-waste in the municipal context following the principles of the circular economy, life cycle assessment and the bio-economy.

The elaboration of the guide has a constant articulation with the Sociedad de Agricultores de la Vega and the Regidoria d'Agricultura, Alimentació Sostenible i Horta de l'Ajuntament de València, as well as with the partner entities involved in this product of the WaysTUP! project, namely [DRAXIS](#) (Greece), Àrea Metropolitana de Barcelona (Spain), [Biosens](#) (Serbia) and [IMEC](#) (Belgium).



THE VALUE OF FOOD SOVEREIGNTY IN BUILDING A SUSTAINABLE WORLD

Since 2019, the Entretantos Foundation has been working with the educational centre C.E.I.P. Padre Honorato del Val in the programme 'Promotion of healthy and sustainable food in educational centres through learning communities'.

In 2021, we saw the possibility of joining forces with the organisation Engineers without Borders and the Faculty of Education of the UVA, which was working on the Classrooms with a Taste of the Earth programme, and to redefine the project based on the school garden as a pedagogical course. And, through the garden, to work with teachers and students on food sovereignty and education for development and global citizenship.

In the spring of 2021, work began, as a pilot experience, with the first four grades of CEIP Padre Honorato del Val. After the programme was rated as very interesting by the school, the following school year the programme was launched at school level, working with all grades and with teachers and families.

During the last months of the 2020-2021 academic year, the first phase of a research project on school lunches has also been developed through the collection of photographic information and statistical analysis of the results, which can be used to raise awareness among families and the school itself.

In 2022, the research on school lunches and the accompaniment of school children will be continued.

The programme also includes teacher training and coaching, as well as sessions with pupils.



The research is financed through the MITERD's subsidies for third sector entities (1,936 euros).

In addition, that year an Education for development and global citizenship project was requested from the Junta de Castilla y León, which was approved with a budget of 11,968.20 euros (1 year duration), and the project was renamed "The value of food sovereignty to build a sustainable world".

INTERREG FLEURS LOCALES



In December 2021, a budget was submitted and approved for technical assistance for the Global Nature Foundation in the framework of the Interreg Fleurs Locales project. The objective is to develop a process of social research and dynamisation with agents interested in the development, use and enhancement of native seeds.

The intervention was carried out in three phases:

- ✓ Phase 1. Identification of key agents in the Spanish territory in production, purchase and promotion of the use of native seeds.
- ✓ Phase 2. Participatory diagnosis of the main difficulties and opportunities for the promotion of the use of native seeds.
- ✓ Phase 3. Development of consensus proposals among stakeholders for the promotion of the use of native seeds.

The final outcome will be a Strategic Action Proposal for the use of seeds. Nativas to be presented in 2023. The amount of the contract is 14,500 euros. + VAT.



PLATFORM FOR EXTENSIVE LIVESTOCK FARMING AND PASTORALISM

The Entretantos Foundation is the driving force and technical secretariat of the Plataforma por la Ganadería Extensiva y el Pastoralismo, a flexible and transversal organisation that brings together associations of livestock farmers, ecological organisations, research groups and individuals, specialists and professionals united in the defence of extensive livestock farming and the services that this activity provides to society as a whole.

The Platform is an open and participatory organisation that brings together people and organisations from all over Spain interested in maintaining and promoting this activity, serving as a loudspeaker, showcase and support for the entire pasture farming, mountain stockbreeding, grazing and transhumance sector in its different forms.

The Foundation also represents the Platform in various European and international forums, such as the FAO Pastoralist Knowledge Node and the International Year of Pastures and Shepherds. In addition, Entretantos also provides funds and organisational capacity for the celebration of Pastoralist Territories - the annual meeting that it organises together with the Platform and other collaborating entities -, the annual assembly of the Platform and the holding of regular training webinars.

The Plataforma por la Ganadería Extensiva y el Pastoralismo is an initiative promoted by the Fundación Entretantos, which supports it financially with funds obtained from subsidies to the third sector from the Ministry for Ecological Transition.



In addition to this contribution, the European projects in which Entretantos is a partner often support activities and collaborations with the Platform as a means of enhancing its activity and its capacity for communication and political influence. Overall, the Foundation invests around €30-35,000 each year to carry out this work.

This means that there is a person dedicated part-time to its dynamisation. In addition, other people linked to Entretantos work in the organisation and facilitation of regular meetings, working groups and other activities, in the Platform's communication work, in the maintenance of its website and social networks and in the participation in its own webinars and events, seminars and conferences where the Platform's work is requested to be explained.

More information about the project at www.ganaderiaextensiva.org

LIVESTOCK NETWORK



Many of us at Entretantos come from working in different lines and projects that support extensive livestock farming through processes of rural development. Throughout this trajectory we have had contact with many livestock farmers, shepherds, goatherds... but in all these spaces the great absentees were the women shepherds and livestock farmers who, in an invisible way, support and give life to a large part of this production system so closely linked to the life of many of our villages.

At the Foundation we are convinced that progress cannot be made without facilitating and guaranteeing the full integration of women in a situation of equality. Women in rural areas suffer double invisibility if they are also livestock farmers and, in addition to the isolation that accompanies women dedicated to this enormously overcrowded productive sector, there is also the difficulty of being present in positions of responsibility and in the labour market.



The system is a decision-making system that directly affects them as women and as professional livestock keepers, despite the fact that women are a fundamental pillar of the system without which it would probably not exist.

This project is based on the promotion, creation and dynamisation of a network made up of almost 200 women from all over Spain, all of them livestock breeders and extensive livestock herders. This network brings together women related to all ecosystems: from the incredible dehesas and deciduous forests of Cantabria to the northernmost and most complex areas of the Canary Islands.

Ganaderas en Red unites the interests of all of them, promotes the relevant role of women in the rural environment, develops lines of work that pursue empowerment and training in access to decision-making spaces, while shaping an improvement in the marketing of the common products that each and every one of them have: a quality product that lives in the countryside and in the mountains, caring for our ecosystems and helping to maintain a living rural world.

This extensive network is a platform for self-help, exchange of knowledge and collective learning in which the women who form it, in addition to resolving their doubts and daily problems, work together to identify problems/solutions common to almost all of them and develop communication strategies and actions to provide an outlet for a product that is still unknown due to the lack of differentiation from industrial products and the lack of appreciation it has received in recent decades. The promotion of this trade and the important role of women in it helps them to continue to be part of this rural world and to keep it alive. In addition to making the role of rural women in extensive livestock farming visible, they have developed strategies for empowerment, dissemination of their voice and political advocacy where decisions are made.



This network has a support team of three women, created by Entretantos, who accompany the process from the beginning, and who energise and facilitate the life and projects of GER. In addition to accompanying and contributing to the development of projects and initiatives that arise on a day-to-day basis, every year they organise a face-to-face meeting where all the network's women farmers meet to evaluate the year, hold the assembly and plan the priorities for the following year.

In 2022, the Entretantos Foundation allocated a total of 32723 euros to GeR, as part of its support for extensive livestock farming. These funds come mostly from the annual subsidy from the third sector.

More information about the project at www.ganaderasenred.org

PROCESS OF DIFFERENTIATION OF EXTENSIVE LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS

Throughout the history of the Entretantos Foundation's work linked to extensive livestock farming, the need to differentiate the product from this type of production as a guarantee of sustainability, farm viability, rural development and the fight against depopulation, environmental conservation and the curbing of climate change has been highlighted on numerous occasions.

It is important to provide consumers with clear references as to which products respond to the keys and recommendations that we are transmitting to them through the media, social networks, etc. because there is a sector of the population that is increasingly interested in buying extensive livestock farming products, but does not know where to buy them or how to differentiate them.





For all these reasons, a working process has been set in motion, in collaboration with the Platform for Extensive Livestock Farming and Pastoralism, with the aim of collectively building a strategy that helps to pursue the goals of guaranteeing the viability of extensive livestock farming and providing consumers with accurate information to help them decide on final consumption. The process includes the design of a working model that will enable extensive livestock farming products to be given their own seal or label.

Since 2021, work has begun on this project with an Advisory Group (comprising members of the Entretantos Foundation and the Platform for Extensive Livestock Farming) and the Platform's Board of Directors. The necessary documents have been formalised to make this project viable: regulations for the use of the brand, membership form for the differentiating seal, certification procedure, visual identity of the seal, and a specialised company has been commissioned to create the website. We are currently in direct communication with the Ministry of Agriculture through meetings and consultations, in order to ensure that the working documents meet the criteria established by this body and that the brand can be processed.

In addition, and along the same lines, in 2021 and 2022 we have continued the 'It's not the same' campaign that we have been developing on social networks since 2018, with the aim of disseminating the ecosystem and socio-economic services that extensive livestock farming and pastoralism are providing to society, asking consumers and society to commit to the consumption of products from this key sector of activity for the rural environment, our ecosystems and landscapes.

All this work has been carried out over the last few years with funds from the MITERD third sector subsidy scheme, with €16,132 (incl. VAT) being allocated to this project in 2022.





LIFE LIVE-ADAPT

The Life 'Live ADAPT' project began in the last quarter of 2018 and has an estimated duration of 4 years. It is funded by the LIFE programme of the European Union, coordinated by the Ecovalia Chair of Organic Livestock Farming of the University of Cordoba and involves, in addition to the Entretantos Foundation, seven other Spanish, French and Portuguese partners.

The project is specifically aimed at adaptation to climate change in extensive livestock farming in Spain. Its objective is to propose and test viable solutions that favour this adaptation process, and includes the application of proposals for improvement, innovation and new technologies in pilot field tests, the collection, analysis and dissemination of good practices, the dissemination of innovative business models for extensive livestock farming, the training and capacity building of producers and livestock farmers to improve their capacity to adapt and the preparation of a proposal for an Action Plan that can be developed in the political sphere to favour this process in extensive livestock farming in our country.

The role of the Entretantos Foundation focuses mainly on the creation of networks that favour the adaptation of extensive livestock farming to climate change and on the development of policy recommendations. We are talking about both producer networks and multi-agent networks, and at various territorial levels at regional, national and European level. The Foundation also coordinates training activities and the design of an online training programme on the subject in question, as well as the collection, analysis and discussion of good practices in climate change adaptation and mitigation in matters related to intensive livestock farming.

In 2022 it has been finalised and presented in different national and international forums.

The SAP, the Livestock Strategic Adaptation Action Plan for International Livestock



Extensive to climate change, a document built with the participation of more than one hundred livestock farming agents, technicians, scientists... which aims to be a reference document for the adaptation of livestock farming on a territorial basis in the south of Europe.

The project has had an overall budget of €2,207,025, of which the European Union has provided 60% of the funds (€1,324,211). For the development of the project over the four years, the Entretantos Foundation has had at its disposal a total of €198,260 (about €50,000/year), of which the EU is providing €118,956. The rest, around €80,000, is co-financing provided by Entretantos, which has been obtained from complementary grants.

More information about the project at <https://liveadapt.eu/>

RONCAL VALLEY PASTURELAND PARTICIPATORY PLAN

At the end of 2021, contracted by the Government of Navarre, a process of social research began to be carried out in order to agree on a new Pasture Management Plan for the territory with the support of the General Council of the Roncal Valley.

This process is in its infancy and involves a major effort to carry out a social diagnosis at the outset. During 2022, in collaboration with the national company Garrapo SL, social research fieldwork has been carried out and a report has been presented to the Roncal Valley Board and a governance proposal to launch a participatory process to develop the Pasture Plan. This proposal has been approved by the Board of the Valley and is expected to be implemented in 2023.





GALLIEXTREM TASK FORCE

In November 2022 and for a period of four months, the Regional Operational Group GALLIEXTREM -Gallina Extremeña Azul- was set up with the aim of creating and consolidating a value chain capable of returning a breed in danger of extinction to the production system, promoting the introduction on the market of a new range of high quality, attractive, innovative and environmentally responsible products, as they come from an indigenous poultry breed.

We have developed this innovation project together with the Asociación Paisaje, Eco- logía y Género and the Extremadura company Innogestiona Ambiental, with the active participation of more than 16 partners from different sectors (agro-technological, associative, scientific, agro-ecological, productive, catering) who have contributed in a participative way to the elaboration of this innovative project.

For its technical development, Fundación Entretantos has contracted the services of the Extremadura technology centre CICYTEX. The total amount of the subsidy received by the Junta de Extremadura is 6,255.00 euros.

Further information: www.gallinaazulextremadura.es

MEDIATION INITIATIVE FOR THE COEXISTENCE OF WOLVES AND EXTENSIVE LIVESTOCK FARMING - CAMPO GRANDE

GROUP

In 2016, the Entretantos Foundation, in its task of proposing innovative ways of solving environmental conflicts based on the application of scientific knowledge and the exchange of knowledge and experiences between agents, launched a social mediation initiative on the conflict between the wolf and extensive livestock farming.



This was the birth of the Grupo Campo Grande [GCG], a driving group at national level in which the main agents active in the conflict participate (livestock farmers, environmental groups, scientists and universities, technicians...), and which culminated in 2019 with the Declaration of the Grupo Campo Grande, a document of agreements between sectors to tackle the conflict between the Iberian wolf and extensive livestock farming.

From this moment on, and after presenting this declaration in different sectoral and general forums, the GCG has been reconverted into the Observatorio Campo Grande (OCG), a space to observe and mediate in the wolf conflict in the different territories of the state, and to propose solutions and proposals through mediation.



This working group, throughout 2020, had to develop its activity within the framework of the existing health emergency situation, which not only did not stop its activity, but also required a greater effort to address participatory and consensus processes through new tools and dynamics adapted to social separation.

In 2021 the OCG resumed its activity by integrating new members and entities. This process culminated in the Wolf and Livestock Mediation Conference held in November in Puebla de Sanabria, where, in addition to involving the OCG in the territorial mediation process in Sanabria, it was agreed to integrate new members into the observatory.

The project has been integrated into a European project network (ENCOSH Enhancing Coexistence through Sharing) and planning work has begun to develop a collaborative map of conflict in Spain based on indicators by 2022. At present, the mediation experience developed in the mediation process can be considered one of the most innovative in Europe.



This project has cost between 19,000 and 29,000 euros per year. This project has received contributions from the Ben Goldsmith Foundation and The Ecological Trust and is also co-financed through the call for grants from the Third Sector.

More information about the project at www.grupocampogrande.org

LOCAL MEDIATION INITIATIVE ON THE COEXISTENCE OF THE WOLF AND EXTENSIVE LIVESTOCK FARMING IN SANABRIA

Around the wolf there is a conglomerate of conflicts with very different origins, actors and landscapes, a multidimensionality that fragments the conflict.

It is not just a single problem related to economics, communication, management or lack of understanding between stakeholders, but a very complex social, environmental and economic issue, with different visions, perceptions, certainties, discourses,... in which empathy, communication, respect and even generating adequate structures for action are key. Often, these components do not seek to resolve or de-escalate the conflict, but rather to generate opinion and antagonism, with no place available for negotiation or simply peaceful dialogue.

The presence of the Iberian wolf in the northwest of the province of Zamora has been perpetual and constant for centuries. In fact, there is no record of the disappearance of this species in the area. It is one of the reference territories for the wolf at Iberian and European Union level, with an apparently stable density (one of the most important in the Iberian Peninsula).



This project, directly linked to the work developed in the GCG/OCG, is based on a detailed analysis of the Declaration generated from this Group, in a collective way in the territory of Sanabria, with an approach that allows to evaluate the agreements reached, to study jointly and by consensus the suitability of the measures and to evaluate the development of some of them, always starting from the community reflection and with the clear objective of improving the coexistence of livestock farming with the Iberian wolf.

LA RIOJA SOCIAL ROUND TABLE ON EXTENSIVE LIVESTOCK FARMING AND WOLVES

As a result of a service contract with the Government of La Rioja -with a total budget of 14,670 euros + VAT-, in 2021 a participatory and binding mediation process was launched for the preparation of the document "Basis and criteria to be taken into account in the drafting of plans on extensive livestock farming and wolf management in La Rioja".

For its development, a Social Round Table was constituted with the participation of different social agents of La Rioja, related to wolf conservation, extensive livestock farming and rural development, and an Inter-administrative Round Table with technical staff from the ministries and services with competences in environment and livestock farming. This process ended with the consensual approval of the document and a public presentation of the document by all the entities and people that formed part of the social roundtable.

Among the proposals that shape the document of bases and measures, the need to create a permanent consultative body on coexistence by the government of La Rioja is highlighted, and it is also proposed, as a priority, that the document of bases and criteria agreed upon should be the basis of the wolf management and conservation plan for La Rioja.



To this end, a participatory process was carried out in 2022 that addressed both objectives in parallel. Both social entities linked to coexistence and technical staff from the administration participated in this process. As a result of this process, a draft of "Regulations for the creation, organisation and functioning of the Monitoring Committee for the Coexistence between the wolf and extensive livestock farming in La Rioja" and a document of contributions and proposals to the government's proposal for the "Management Plan for the wolf (*Canis lupus*) in La Rioja and its coexistence with extensive livestock farming" were drawn up.

GEOPARK OF THE LORAS

A geopark is a territory that presents a remarkable geological heritage and that carries out a sustainable rural development project, so it must have well-defined social, cultural and economic objectives. In 2017 the territory of Las Loras (North of Burgos and Palencia) was declared a UNESCO Geopark, although its collaboration with the Foundation has existed since 2015.

The process for the declaration of Geopark was slow and involved a lot of work to involve all sectors. A bottom-up process through the participation and involvement of its inhabitants and administrations.

In Las Loras Geopark we have several areas of work, with research being the basis of all of them. Scientific research to generate knowledge, coherent discourse and conservation and protection measures. There is also social research, through the spaces for dialogue and the processes of citizen participation that are generated and that promote the subsequent enhancement of the natural and cultural heritage, as well as its care and conservation.



Training, education, promotion, support for entrepreneurship, volunteer projects, sustainable tourism, work with the agricultural and livestock sector, collaboration with other territories and other Geoparks, etc. are some of the other lines of work being developed in Loras.

This can be grouped into three main blocks of objectives:

CONSERVATION OF NATURAL HERITAGE AND MORE SPECIFICALLY GEOLOGICAL HERITAGE

- ✓ To research, protect and disseminate the geological heritage of the Geopark by means of the enhancement of valuable landscape, natural, historical and cultural resources. The cultural heritage of the natural region of Las Loras is based on a backbone, constituted by the geological points of interest, so abundant and characteristic of the territory.
- ✓ Promote the conservation of geological heritage, highlighting its importance in the valuation of the landscape as an element of its identity, as well as generating a strategy for the recovery and conservation of all local heritage resources.
- ✓ Interrelate the natural and cultural resources of the territory, all of which are abundant and closely related over time.

SCIENTIFIC DISSEMINATION

- ✓ Integrating the dissemination and knowledge of the sites of landscape interest of the area in a common framework through a common thread.
- ✓ Disseminate geological knowledge through the definition and provision of means and resources that develop their programmes through methodologies active.



- ✓ To enhance the value of those elements of the landscape that make up the natural areas identified.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROMOTION

- ✓ Coordinate investment in sustainable tourism development, creating a large-scale nature and cultural tourism product with a sustainable dimension. The project has a regional, national and international scope; with an eco-tourism product profile, based on the unique geology of the territory, with strong attractions and a product strategy based on diversity, differentiation and innovation, both in the overall offer and in each of the products that make up the project.
- ✓ Attract a significant number of new visitors and increase visitor time stay, offering an integrated package of activities, visits, tours and activities, as well as a and tours of the municipalities concerned and their respective populations.
- ✓ Encourage a process of endogenous, integral and sustainable development for the territory and each of its municipalities, highlighting the heritage of the region. as a natural resource.
- ✓ Encourage local participation in decision-making and the enhancement of their territory. Creation of sectoral working groups with a representative from each sector. each of them in the Executive Committee that develops the Project.

The Geopark is financed through agreements with the Provincial Councils of Burgos and Palencia and through the agreement with the Entretantos Foundation. It also occasionally receives funds and subsidies from the Junta de Castilla y León, the Caja de Burgos Foundation, the Local Action Groups and other public or private entities, or through agreements established between the administrations and other entities.



to develop actions in the Geopark (5.58%). In addition, there is voluntary work both by members of the Geopark team and by the members of the working groups, the scientific committee and the group of volunteers.

In 2022, the total amount of this funding for the Geopark was €173,936 (VAT included), of which €46,805.82 was provided by the Entretantos Foundation through the call for grants for third sector entities.

More information at www.geoparquelasloras.es and on the Geoparque social networks.

LABORATORY SCHOOL 2022

The Escuelaboratorio is an initiative of the Fundación Entretantos that we hold every year and which in 2022 has reached its ninth edition. It is part of the Permanent Seminars programme of the CENEAM (Ministry for Ecological Transition and the Demographic Challenge) and is conceived as an opportunity to reflect in groups, think and debate collectively on key issues and shared concerns around a monographic theme that varies from year to year, but always maintaining a critical and constructive view from a participatory perspective.

It has an open and flexible seminar format that alternates between the presentation of reflections, debates and exchange of opinions, knowledge and testing of participation techniques, sharing of experiences and case studies as a resource, stimulus and driving force for the construction of a common learning process. Thus, there are open spaces for debate throughout the entire meeting, the presentation of the results and the sharing of experiences and case studies as a resource, stimulus and driving force for the construction of a common learning process.



The project also includes some inspiring experiences by the protagonists and reserves a space for knowledge of useful tools for participation and the construction of shared knowledge.

The Escuelaboratorio has a vocation to travel around Spain and, at the same time as it moves around different themes, each edition approaches a different locality, thus facilitating the integration of people, movements and experiences from different areas.

In 2022, the team of the Fundación Entretantos para la Escuelaboratorio has decided to get together with the people of the Cala Collective and the Altekio Cooperative, with whom we share paths, projects and horizons and, together, we have created a space for shared reflection on a subject that concerns and interests us all: 'Transitioning from dystopias to utopias'.

It is a framework for reflection in which we wanted to seek collective responses that would allow us to address the new conflicts, emergencies, fears and eco-anxiety. We believe that in this scenario it is more important than ever to think and feel together what is coming and what is the best way to tackle it, to imagine practices that allow us to critically observe the dystopias that bombard us; to devise proposals that allow us to measure ourselves against fear, limits and complexity; to share ideas that help us to visualise other possible futures and generate ways of doing - collectively - that help us to move towards these other desirable futures; and to consciously and communally manage the new conflicts that are emerging and growing.

The event took place between 23 and 25 September in Garaldea, a weekend of reflection and exchange that included working sessions presented by Kois (Garúa S.



Coop.), Andrea López (Feitoría Verde), Gabi Vázquez (Fundación Entretantos) and Jorge Sánchez-Cruzado (Altekio), Jackeline Sosa (Plaza De los Pueblos), Sandra Fernández (Extremadura Entiende) and Inés Grande (INCYDES), Anna Pujol (IIFACE), Mireia Parera (Fil a l'agulla), Mar Maiques (Otra Escuela) and Maite Ezquerro (Mugarik Gabe).

A summary of the outcome of this meeting is available on [video](#) and in this [publication](#).

The Escuelaboratorio is co-funded by CENEAM and through grants to the third sector from the Ministry for Ecological Transition and the Demographic Challenge.

IV CONFERENCE ON ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION FOR SUSTAINABILITY

The IV Conference on Environmental Education for Sustainability was held at the CENEAM facilities between 20 and 22 June 2022, 24 years after the previous state-wide Conference, which took place in Pamplona in 1998. They have been promoted by the Ministry for Ecological Transition and the Demographic Challenge -through CENEAM and the Biodiversity Foundation - and the Ministry of Education.

Fundación Entretantos, together with our colleagues from Feitoría Verde and Altekio, formed the team that accompanied the organisation in the design of the conference programme. In addition, during the event, we have been the facilitation team.

The Conference was the result and direct consequence of the process of elaboration and approval of the [Environmental Education Action Plan for Sustainability \(PAEAS\)](#), which defines the strategic lines of environmental education in Spain for



The Plan was drawn up for the period 2021-2025, in which we also participated as part of the team of experts in the first phase of the Plan's deliberation and, later, together with Altekio and Feitoría Verde, as part of the drafting team.

This Plan, which "seeks to promote a cultural change that will enable us to respond to contemporary socio-environmental challenges", proposes a compendium of 61 measures grouped into six operational axes or areas of application of environmental education in Spain.

The IVEA was a place for meeting, reflection and debate for more than 150 participants and speakers from a variety of sectors (central, regional and local administrations, formal education, environmental education professionals, the third sector, etc.). They included spaces for sharing experiences, projects, presentations, round tables, workshops and other types of dynamics.

Given the importance of the sector's participation, we consider it especially important that the development of the programme of contents of the IV Conference was carried out through an inclusive and participatory procedure, with the participation of CENEAM and Fundación Biodiversidad staff and the monitoring of an inter-ministerial technical committee. In this way, a prior consultation process was articulated, consisting of the convening of several meetings with most of the coordinators of the expert participation phase of the PAEAS, and the launching of an online questionnaire, sent to the professionals who participate in the working groups of the CENEAM's Permanent Seminar Programme that deal specifically with Environmental Education for Sustainability.

For more information, please consult the [Proceedings of the IV Conference on Environmental Education](#) (IVEA). The work was carried out through a minor contract, the amount of which was distributed proportionally to the work carried out by the three entities participating in the process.



EAS CENEAM COURSES

In the framework of the implementation of the [Environmental Education Action Plan for Sustainability \(PAEAS\)](#) approved in 2021, the CENEAM is launching one of the most demanded actions during the process of elaboration of the plan, to update and reinforce the training and capacity building of people related to the planning and development of environmental education programmes.

To give shape to this action, CENEAM commissioned the three organisations that had been working on the final draft of the plan (Entretantos, Feitoría Verde and Altekio) to design a programme of PAEAS courses, which led to the design and coordination of two courses: "Keys to transformative environmental education in the era of transition", aimed at environmental education professionals, and "Environmental education at the heart of public policies. Tools and experiences for ecological transition" aimed at people from public administrations.

GUIDE TO JOINING THE ECOHORTAS SCHOOL NETWORK

At the end of 2021 we began to collaborate with Amigos da Terra in the design of a guide for schools interested in joining the Ecohortas Escola Network that this organisation coordinates.

For several years, Amigos da Terra has been promoting training and awareness-raising about organic vegetable gardens in schools through its Ecohortas Escolares project. After a period of growth and dissemination, the number of schools interested in joining its training and accompaniment programme for staff, schoolchildren and families interested in using the garden as an educational tool has increased.



The number of multidisciplinary educational resources has grown, and with it also the diversity of starting situations for joining this project. With this, the need was seen to shape the possible variants and modalities of participation of schools in the project and by extension the incorporation of a network of which all participating schools are part (the Rede Ecohortas Escolares) through a guide.

Thus, our work has been to accompany amigos da terra in the identification of needs and modalities to finally shape it through an accessible informative guide for the centres and people interested in the project, gathering the information and steps to follow in a clear and useful way. This service has been carried out for 3,116.96 euros (VAT included).

7| PUBLICATIONS

In this section, some of the publications produced and edited by the Entretantos Foundation and a selection of research and/or dissemination articles written by members of the team are reviewed.

TECHNICAL REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS

Conflict in the governance of rural territories. A global framework from mediation and social participation.

 https://www.entretantos.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/02/CuadernoEntretantos7_Conflicts_v7.pdf





Local food systems facing global risks: from climate crisis to COVID-19

- https://www.ciudadesagroecologicas.eu/wp-content/uploads/2020/10/Report_AlimentacionRiesgosGlobales_def6.pdf

Health and the right to food. Well-being, equity and sustainability through local food policies.

- https://www.ciudadesagroecologicas.eu/wp-content/uploads/2018/12/Final_Health_Report_Web.pdf

Urban food policies for sustainability. Analysis of experiences in Spain, in an international context.

- https://www.ciudadesagroecologicas.eu/wp-content/uploads/2018/04/UrbanFoodPoliciesForSustainability_Report_v4.pdf

Communication strategies to facilitate leaps of scale in agroecology

- http://www.entretantos.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/10/EstrategiasComunicacionAgroecologia_r.pdf

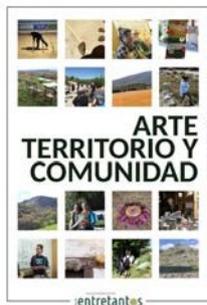
Communication strategies to facilitate leaps of scale in agroecology. Synthesis document

- http://www.entretantos.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/10/DocDivulgativo_StrategiesCommunicationAgroecology_en.pdf

Report on the eligibility for CAP direct payments of Spanish woody grasslands

- <http://www.ganaderiaextensiva.org/InformeElegibilidadPastos.pdf>

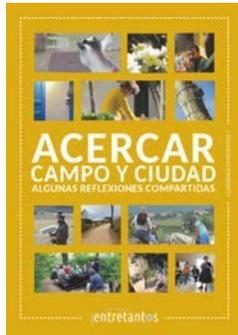




INFORMATIVE BOOKLETS

- [1] Extensive and transhumant livestock farming
 http://www.ganaderiaextensiva.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/10/CuadernosEntretantos1_Ganader%C3%ADaExtensiva.pdf
- [2] Participation, governance and public policy
 http://www.entretantos.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/Participacion-GovernanceandPublicPolicies_JavierAsin_.pdf
- [3] Governance and participation in the commons
 http://www.entretantos.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/02/CuadernoEntretantos3_ComunesGovernance.pdf
- [4] Extensive livestock farming, an essential activity for our food supply
 http://www.entretantos.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/11/CuadernoEntretantos_Ganaderia_web.pdf
- [5] Art, territory and community
 http://www.entretantos.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/01/CuadernoEntretantos_ArteTerritorio_def.pdf
- [6] Extensive livestock farming and climate change, an in-depth approach (also available in English)
 http://www.ganaderiaextensiva.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/CuadernoEntretantos6_GanaderiaCC.pdf





http://www.ganaderiaextensiva.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/04/Eng_CuadernoEntretantos6_GanaderiayCC.pdf

[7] Bringing town and country closer together. Some shared reflections

http://www.entretantos.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/04/CuadernoEntretantos_AcercamientoCampoCiudad.pdf

[8] Rethinking together what we do

https://www.entretantos.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/01/CuadernoEntretantos8_RethinkWhatWeDo_web.pdf

[9] Gender, governance and communities as seen through women's eyes

https://www.entretantos.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/01/CuadernoEntretantos9_Comuneras_web.pdf

[10] Mediation in socio-environmental conflicts

https://www.entretantos.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/CuadernoEntretantos10_Conflicts-1-1.pdf

RESEARCH ARTICLES AND OTHER PUBLICATIONS ON AGROECOLOGY, EXTENSIVE LIVESTOCK FARMING AND FOOD POLICIES

A selection of articles and research publications written by members of the team are listed below:

- ✓ López-García, D., G. Vázquez Macías, J. García Fernández, M. Schmitt, P. Ortega Faura & J.L. Espluga-Trenc (2023) Politics of recognition. What symbolic contexts to engage



conventional farmers in agroecological transitions?. *Agriculture and Human Values* (En review).

- ✓ Haddad, F.F.; Herrera, P.M.; Besbes, B. (2022) Grazing with trees. A silvopastoral approach to managing and restoring drylands. FAO Forestry Paper, 187. FAO Rome. <https://www.fao.org/documents/card/en/c/cc2280en/>
- ✓ López-García, D., (2022) Book review: González de Molina, M., Paulo Petersen, Francisco Garrido Peña and Francisco Roberto Caporal, 2021. Introduction to agroecología política. Buenos Aires: CLACSO. Estudios Geográficos 292
- ✓ Di Masso M, López-García D, Clemente-Longas J & García-García V, 2022. Taking food out of the private sphere. Addressing gender relations in urban food policy. *Agroecology and Sustainable Food Systems*. <https://doi.org/10.1080/21683565.2021.1936742>
- ✓ López-García, D. & M. González de Molina, 2021. An operational approach to Agroecology-Based Local Agri-Food Systems. *Sustainability*, 13(15), 8443; <https://doi.org/10.3390/su13158443>
- ✓ Espluga-Trenc, Josep, L. Calvet-Mir, D. López-García, M. Di Masso, A. Pomar & G. Tendero, (2021) Local Agri-Food Systems as a Cultural Heritage Strategy to Recover the Sustainability of Local Communities. Insights from the Spanish Case. *Sustainability* 13(11), 6068. <https://doi.org/10.3390/su13116068>
- ✓ Gonzalez de Molina, M. & D. Lopez-Garcia (2021) Principles for designing Agroecology-based Local (territorial) Agri-food Systems: a critical revision, *Agroecology and Sustainable Food Systems*, 45(7):1050-1082, DOI: [10.1080/21683565.2021.1913690](https://doi.org/10.1080/21683565.2021.1913690)
- ✓ López-García D. et al (2021) Building agroecology with people. Challenges of participatory methods to deepen on the agroecological transition in different contexts. *Journal of Rural Studies* 83:257-267. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jrurstud.2021.02.003>
- ✓ López-García, D. et al. (2021) Transitions to sustainability as open-ended processes. Agro-ecological Local Dynamisation with peasant conventional horticulturists.



riurbanos. *Boletín de la Asociación de Geógrafos Españoles* 88. <https://doi.org/10.21138/bage.2968>

- ✓ López-García, D. N. Alonso-Leal, V. García-García, J. Molero-Cortés, J. García-Fernández, L. Arroyo-Escudero and P.M. Herrera (2020) 6 Governance domains in the European Urban Food Security: An Operational View. *Estudios Geográficos* 81(289), e051. <https://doi.org/10.3989/estgeogr.202065.065>
- ✓ López-García, D. and González de Molina, M., (2020): "Co-producing agro-food policies for urban environments: towards agroecology-oriented local food systems". In Cohen, H., Ehgerer, M. and Gliessman, S.R. (Coords.): *Urban Agroecology*. Boca Raton, FL, USA: CRC Press.
- ✓ López-García, D. (2020) Who is the subject of agroecological transitions? Local Agroecological Dynamization and the plural subject of food systems transitions. *Landbauforschung-Journal of Sustainable and Organic Agricultural Systems* 70(2): 36-42. [DOI:10.3220/LBF1606213050000](https://doi.org/10.3220/LBF1606213050000)
- ✓ López-García, D., V. García-García, Y. Sampedro-Ortega, A. Pomar-León, G. Tendero-Acín and A. Sastre-Morató (2019) Exploring the Contradictions of Scaling: Action Plans for Agro-Ecological Transition in Metropolitan Environments. *Agroecology and Sustainable Food Systems*. [DOI: 10.1080/21683565.2019.1649783](https://doi.org/10.1080/21683565.2019.1649783)
- ✓ Espluga Trenc, J., D. López-García, L. Calvet-Mir, M. Di Masso, A. Pomar-León, G. Tendero-Acín (2019) Agroecology and revitalisation of local culture. In order to tackle the depopulation and promote sustainable rural development. *PH Journal*, 98: 108-130. [DOI: 10.33349/2019.98.4468](https://doi.org/10.33349/2019.98.4468)
- ✓ López García, D. and M. Cuéllar Padilla (2019) Introduction: Activist and Participatory Research in Agroecology. *Agroecología*, 13, 1: 7-10
- ✓ López-García, D., V. García-García, Y. Sampedro-Ortega, A. Pomar-León, G. Tendero-Acín, A. Sastre-Morató (2019) Participatory processes and action plans for transition. agroecology at the metropolitan scale. *Agroecology*, 13, 1: 33-45.



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8 | AGREEMENTS, COLLABORATION AGREEMENTS AND PARTICIPATION IN NETWORKS

The Entretantos Foundation has signed collaboration agreements and agreements with a large number of entities. It also participates in a series of associations, platforms and collectives with whom we share objectives and ways of working.

AGREEMENTS AND COOPERATION AGREEMENTS

- ✓ Argeol _ Las Loras Geopark
- ✓ University of Valladolid
- ✓ National University of Distance Education
- ✓ International University of Andalusia
- ✓ University of Extremadura
- ✓ Pau Costa Foundation
- ✓ Slow Food Extremadura
- ✓ Polytechnic Institute of Viana do Castelo
- ✓ Platform for Extensive Livestock Farming and Pastoralism
- ✓ Network of Municipalities for Agroecology

ALLIANCES AND NETWORKS

- ✓ Regional Support Group for Europe of the International Year of Grasslands and Forests (IYFP)
pastoralists (Regional IYRP Support Group -RISG- for Europe)



- ✓ IYPP International Support Group (ISG)
- ✓ FAO Pastoral Knowledge Centre (PKH)
- ✓ Global Agenda for Sustainable Livestock (GASL)
- ✓ Valladolid Alliance for Food Sovereignty
- ✓ Sustainable and Social Healthy Food Alliance for Burgos
- ✓ IUCN and IUCN Spanish Committee
- ✓ ByOtraPAC
- ✓ Council of Social Organisations of the Network of Municipalities for Agro-ecology
- ✓ Community Initiative
- ✓ Spanish Association of Foundations
- ✓ Coop57
- ✓ Ecofundaciones

CONSORTIA AND AGREEMENTS FOR THE DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF PROJECTS

- ✓ HNV-Vision
- ✓ Euromontana and Rete Apia: European Policies in Support of Pastoralism
- ✓ GIASAT _ Integrated Agro-ecological Management of Territorialised Food Systems
- ✓ ALISOS _ Sustainable Food Networks as Value Chains for the Food Transition
- ✓ Grazed Nature
- ✓ EU4Advice



9 | MORE INFORMATION AT

www.entretantos.org

www.ganaderiaextensiva.org

www.ganaderasenred.org

www.municipiosagroeco.red

www.municipiosagroeco.red

www.thebcnchallenge.org

www.thebcnchallenge.org

www.alimentavalladolid.info

www.grupocampogrande.org

www.pildoraverde.org

www.pildoraverde.org

www.liveadapt.eu

www.gallinaazulextremadura.es

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